

## HEAD WARTERS HINETY LIGHTH CHEFICAL BATTALIGH, (CUTORIZED) A.P.O. 7 565

## HIST UCAL REPORT (Hollan du - noiseuss.

After three weeks of intensive training with the 4.2" Chemical Porter in the vicinity of Borio, R. G., this unit was ordered to report as follows: Company "A" to the 24th Infantry Division at Goodenough Island, Company "B" to the Persecution Force at Pinschafen and the butance of the battalion to the 41st Infantry Division at Finschafen. Each company was composed of 2 platoons, organised to act as separate tactical units. The Everage strength per company was 6 officers and 180 enlisted men.

company "A", with S officers and 132 enlisted men emburbed from tro import the USAT Kota Intan 13, pril 1944, and disemberhed at Goodenough Island the following day. At Goodenough Island the lat Platoon was louded abourd the 150 3 USS Carter Hall and sailed on the 17th. The belance of the company less a rear echelon detachment, sailed on LST 204 two days later for the

ollandia Operation as a part of the Noiseless Landing Force.

on 22 April, the lat ristoon landed in LCM's on Red Bouch 32, Tanahacrah pay. As the assembly area was organized, observers went forward with the list Infantry. No hostile opposition was encountered, consequently no fire missions wore received. On the 23rd the plateon was attached to deciding "1", 19th Infuntry. The balance of the company was still on the water and landed on white Booch #3. Ausboldt buy on 25 April at which time all enery resistance in the impediate area had been noutralized. In this late the lat Platoon mess relieved of assignment and again attached to the 21st Infantity. The following day, one officer and 20 men started for Hollandia arone with one morter section, arriving at Auriboe at 1800 hours. The following day was spent in hauling the mortar and assumition carts by hand to Janghera. Tromendous difficulties were encountered during these days and the men were foreed to the greatest efforts in order to bring in one norter and a few rounds of seminition. The infantry units werk meeting little resistance and roved along rapidly. He fire was called for during the operation. <u>in</u> the 29th an officer and 200 concernived and joined this group it the 21st Infantry CP. (in that dute one officer and the balance of the plateon enbarked at Red Beach A and landed on white Beach 3, is would Bay to join the 2nd Platoon and coupling Headquarters there. On 13 May 1944, the company was finally assembled in a bivouse area mear the 24th Infantry skylchon CP. Company Headquarters and And ristoon were transported by bost and truck from White Beach 3. A detachment from Battamion Head parters joined the unit and was attached for rations. There were no personnel lesses from enery action. One mental case was evacuated.

The Battaulon, less Company "A", emburied from the pay on the Use Anvid L. implies 14 April 1944 and discub ried at Finschafen on the 15th. The com-

panies reported to the units to which they were actached.

Corpany "B" assigned to the Persecution Porce and attached to the 191st



For group, sailed on the Complaint Dy grill and landed with the lord inlantry on the 22nd between and and Karako to establish the ditage meachhand. Positions were est blished about 2 ries west of the landing point under sniper fire.

The Congany was moved in miles wood by LoVI on the 23rd and completed registration with 6 rounds on energy positions. The following day 15 rounds of the majorated in the situpe Section, after which further consolidation of ositions was attempted. Before this could be accomplished, the company was a pain ordered to move, taking positions 6½ wiles Southeast at Lemiang which In this position 14.1 r unds were expended, the rejority of which was adjusted by serial observation. A total of 173 rounds were fired during the dispersion of cases ties were suffered from energy action, which proved to be slight. On 14 may 1944 the unit recieved movement orders, and onb rhed on LST 456 for Hollandia Bay.

At Finecrater, Companies "O" and "D" were assigned to the Letterpress Linding Porce. Attackment was made to the laked and 186th Infantry Assignment respectively of the Alst Infantry Division. Headquarters and Assignmenters.

Company "C" loaded on Low 466 and left Finechafen 18 April. The Comowny landed on thite Beach 1, Hollandia at H plus 90, 22 April 1944. As the unit was not able to reach its predesignated positions due to difficult terrain, the platoons went into position on Pancake Hill. One forward observer reached Hollandia at 1700 hours with infantry elecents and reported The opposition. The next day the town was captured and the 2nd Platon transported there via 1811s. Up to this time the only fire was for regiotration. Energy booking of white Beach A at 1900 hours resulted in loss of 12 morter carts by fire. On 24 April 1944 the 2nd Platoon fired on many positions destroying one machine gun nest. The following day let Lutoon was transported by water to the North side of Challenger Cove and completed registration before dark. No further action occurred and by the 5 of may, both plateens had been relieved of essignment to the 41st Division and reasolymed to the 24th Division. A total of 68 rounds was fired during this operation. To personnel losses from enemy action. One prisoner was taken and three Japanuse killed by security patrols near company areas.

company "D" loaded personnel and equipment on LST 457 and LSD Constant all at Finschafen and left in convey 17 april 1944. Landing on D-Day at white Duch D, Humboldt Bay. The let Platoon went into position and commenced living at H place 10. Servening amoke mission was first on Pin Jetty to cover the landing of the 136th Infantry Regiment. Early that afternoon the 2nd Platoon landed and went into position. The following day registration was affected for defensive burrage in the vicinity of Saikerbrood Rill. The Company was relieved of autocheant to the 186th on the day following and attached to the 34th Infantry Regiment of the 24th Division. On the 26th the lat Platoon was transported to an area ((El.65-71.45) Kucjaboc River Sheet 1;20000) and ment into position. The 2nd Flatoon fired in support of the 3rd Battalion, 34th Infantry in mopping up operations in the Hoebei giver Valley. On this date the 3rd Battalion, 34th Infantry requested fire in an area occupied by a friendly patrol causing three essenties. Company

transportation was taken over by Engineers and Quarternater. The company was relieved of attachment to 34th Infuntry on 30 April, and returned to Pin to stand by for orders. 104 rounds fired during this operation, no personnel leases from enemy action.

The Buttalion Commander, Emportive, 3-3 and a Headquarters Detachment of 35 mm were attached to the Artillary Section of the Alst Extending Division Charles the outire operation. This group suffered no essualties and encoun-

tered no opposition from the energ-

The remainder of the Operation period, closing 6 June 1944, was spend in construction of a Battalion Camp site. During this time, Company "A" and this touch former challen were the only units of the Battalion swalleble for this task. Company "B" emburked from Aitape 14 May 1944 for the Maide Operation. Company "C" was assigned to temporary dock duty on Pim Jetty. Company "O" embarized 25 May 1944 for the Bink Operation. None of these willies were returned to Battalion control before 6 June 1944.

## SURFARY OF BESSORS LABORED:

This unit learned the value of movement by suphibleus vehicles turing initial operations. If vehicles of this type are provided in future estion, the standards gained will yield greater efficiency. During the Aitees beach action, "Alligators" war assigned Company "A" for transportation of moving action. This receive of transportation afforded the unit a high degree of mobility, enabling the morters to deliver sources fire on the supposes and positions as called for. The desirable feature of this made of travel the enablement of morter cross to move repidly from one position to suppose there by water, thus avoiding conjected beach areas.

Close command kiness with supported unit commanders is commiss, performantly when firing in close proximity to our troops. This situation was not by the company commander or executive officer at the supported units C. On several occasions, adjustment of fire was made by observers from flock with thru the Liason officer. This proved advantageous when communities and limited. In last moving situations, coordination was obtained between contar and artillary mission officers who accompanied infantry units. Execution treatts were obtained by observation places in spotting termine.

gutiefactory results were obtained with the SCR 610 radio for initial basch operations. This means of communication proved superior to wire transmission due to heavy vehicular traffic which continually out wire. Difficulty was encountered with the SCR 511's and 254's.

All MOO's should be trained in formers observation and the expeditities of the meason. Observers should be rotated periodically and should have provided in sampler by a and.