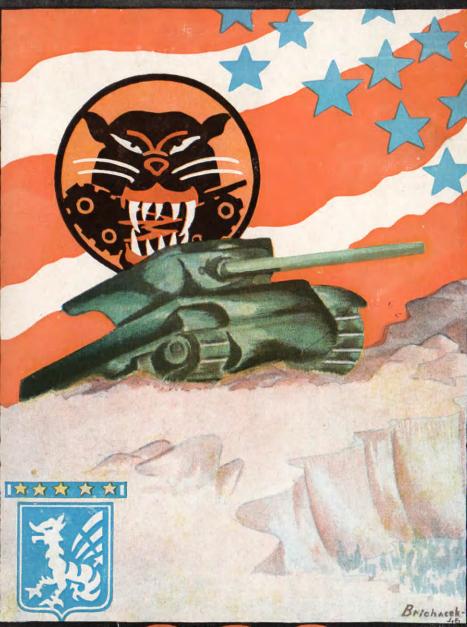
NORMANDY



ARDENNES

893

GERMANY

RHINELAND

THE 893D TANK DESTROYER BATTALION



Lt. Col. HENRY C. KERLIN C O M M A N D I N G



Officers and Men of the 893 d Tank Destroyer Battalion

In July 1941, you were, as the 93rd Infantry Antitank Battalion, assigned the mission under Brig. Gen. R. G. Tindall (then Lt. Col.) of experimenting with and evolving a table of organization, weapons, tactics and technique for a new type of unit to be used specifically for meeting and destroying enemy armor. You met this challange with enthusiasm and aggressive action. You demonstrated the worth of your efforts so conclusively in the 1941 North Carolina maneuvers that on December 15, 1941, the first Tank Destroyer Battalions were designated as a permanent part of the U.S. Army. You had developed the most versatile striking force ever to enter combat.

You were assigned the mission of imparting your knowledge to newly activated Tank Destroyer units at Camp Hood, Texas. This you did by contributing many officers and hundreds of experienced enlisted men to these new units, and by your brilliant performance as the first Tank Destroyer School and Demonstration Troops.

In December 1942, you started training with combat as your mission. The story of your magnificent performance against the enemy is told in the pages of this book.

Your accomplishments stand out in the annals of the U.S. War Department as a bright and shining contribution to our Victory; a tribute to each of you and a goal for the future members of the 893d T. D. Bn. and for all future members of armored units to strive for.

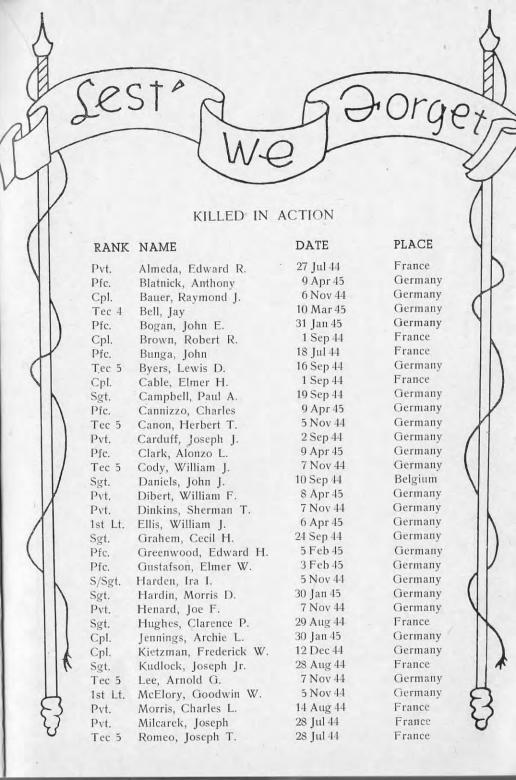
> Hurry C. Berlin HENRY C. KERLIN

Lt. Col. 893d T. D. Bn. Commanding



EXPLANATION OF THE CREST

On June 5, 1940, the 34th Infantry Regiment of the 8th Division was inactivated. From the 2nd Battalion of the 34th Infantry Regiment, the 93rd Infantry Antitank Battalion was formed. In 1941, the 93rd Infantry Antitank Battalion was assigned the duty of experimenting and developing tactics of Tank Destroyers and so became the War Department Experimental Tank Destroyer Battalion, as such, but without changes in official designation. It participated in North Carolina maneuvers in 1941. On December 15, 1941, the 93rd Infantry Antitank Battalion became the 893d Tank Destroyer Battalion at Fort George G. Meade, Maryland. The blue background in the crest stands for the infantry unit which formed the new Battalion. The Wyvern is a legendary French animal. It's light armor, tough claws, fiery tongue and spiked tail represent the idea of aggressive power — power delivered from the front and rear. The wings symbolize speed. These characteristics typify the 893d Tank Destroyer Battalion.



Sest Date Place

| RANK | NAME | DATE | PLACE | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Pvt. Pfc. Cpl. Sgt. S/Sgt. Sgt. Tec 5 1st Lt. Pfc. | Ruger, Jack Ruiz, Theodore K. Scroggins, John P. Sicenavage, Edward Strohl, Raymond E. Thomas, Charles W. Tougas, Joseph E. Walker, Clyde M. Wallrauch, Edward G. Williams, Raymond | 13 Aug 44 17 Sep 44 27 Jul 44 15 Dec 44 28 Aug 44 10 Aug 44 17 Aug 44 13 Aug 44 10 Mar 45 7 Nov 44 | France Germany France Germany France France France France Germany Germany | | | |
| Pvt. Pfc. S/Sgt. | ACCIDENTAL Combs, Willie Stakes, Lloyd | DEATH 11 May 45 30 May 45 | Germany Germany | | | |
| Cpl. 1st Lt. Tec 5 | MISSING IN Kratt, Richard I. Leonard, Turney W. Paulson, Paul S. | ACTION 7 Nov 44 7 Nov 44 7 Nov 44 | Germany Germany Germany | | | |

8930 ROLL OF HONOR

The following is a list of Honors won and damage inflicted on the enemy by six-hundred-forty of the world's finest soldiers, the 893d Tank Destroyer Battalion, during nine and one half months of continuous contact with the enemy.

| | Congressional Medal of Honor | | | | | | + | 4 | | 1 | |
|----|--------------------------------|---------|----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|---------|-------|
| | Croix De Guerre (French) | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| | Silver Stars | | | | | | | | | 29 | |
| | Bronze Stars | | | | | | | | | 186 | |
| | (Oak Leaf Cluster to Bronz | e Star |) | | | | | | 2 | 16 | |
| | Air Medal | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| | (Oak Leaf Cluster to Air N | (ledal) | | | | - | | | | 2 | |
| | Purple Heart | | | | | | | | | 280 | |
| | (Oak Leaf Cluster to Purple | e Hear | t) | | | | | | | 36 | |
| | Medical Badges | | | | | | | | | 31 | |
| | Certificate of Merit | | | | | | | | | 39 | |
| D | amage inflicted on the enemy: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | - Mark III Tanks Destroyed | 12 | | Ha | If-T | rac | k, | p | ers | onnel | car- |
| 22 | - Mark IV Tanks Destroyed | | | | s c | | | - | | | |
| 18 | - Mark V Tanks Destroyed | 53 | | | | | | | | vehicl | es |
| 12 | Mark VI Tanks Destroyed | | | | tro | | | | | | |
| 32 | - Towed AT guns Destroyed | 76 | | Ma | chi | ne | Gi | ins | 1 | ests | dest- |
| 59 | - Pillboxes neutralized | | | roy | ed | | | | | | |
| 10 | - Mortar positions wiped out | 53 | - | For | rtifi | ed | ho | use | 25 | destro | yed |
| 6 | - Observation posts destroyed | 214 | | | | | | | | ralized | |
| 21 | - AA guns Destroyed | 1 | | ME | 10 | 9 4 | Air | ola | ne | shot d | own |
| 4 | - Ammunition trucks dest- | 42 | | Ro. | adb | loc | ks | kr | iocl | ked of | ut. |
| | royed | 5 | | Suj | oply | d | um | ps | ca | ptured | |
| 16 | - Artillery pieces knocked out | 3 | - | | el c | | | | | | |
| 10 | Bunkers destroyed | 1 | | | | | | | | oyed | |
| 2 | - 380 MM Rocket guns dest- | 4 | | | | | | | | oyed | |
| 28 | SP Guns Destroyed royed | - 3 | - | | anti | | | | zer | s capt | ured |
| 55 | Officers captured | 2872 | | | | | | | cap | tured | |
| 9 | - Officers known killed | 2202 | | | | | | | | own k | illed |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Commendations:

| 4th Inf Div | 17 Sep 1944 |
|----------------------|--|
| 22d Inf Regt | 7 Oct 1944 |
| 12th Inf Regt | 19 Oct 1944 |
| 28th Inf Div | 19 Nov 1944 |
| 8th Inf Div | 11 Dec 1944 |
| 78th Inf Div | 19 Mar 1945 |
| XVIII Airborne Corps | 17 Apr 1945 |
| 78th Inf Div | 20 Apr 1945 |
| III Corps | 26 May 1945 |
| | 22d Inf Regt 12th Inf Regt 28th Inf Div 8th Inf Div 78th Inf Div XVIII Airborne Corps 78th Inf Div |

Distinguished Unit Citations:

3d Platoon, 1st Section 1st Platoon, Co. "A", and 1st Section 1st Platoon, Reconnaissance Company.

Company "C", 3d Platoon, Reconnaissance Co., and attached Medical Personnel.

CONGRESSIONAL MEDAL OF HONOR

1st Lt. Turney W. Leonard

CROIX DE GUERRE

S/Sgt. Danforth H. Webster

AIR MEDAL

1st Lt. Bryant E. Campbell (2 Clusters)
1st Lt. William J. Ellis

SILVER STAR

| 2nd Lt. Patrick R. McMahon |
|-------------------------------|
| 1st Lt. Clyde M. Walker |
| Sgt. Charles W. Thomas |
| Sgt. Richard H. Chirdon |
| Tec 5 Donald L. Harris |
| Corp Edward J. Ponganis |
| 2nd Lt. Christopher P. Caputo |
| 1st Lt. Jack W. Fuller |
| 1st Lt. Paul A. Broome |
| Pfc. Dave A. J. Mayberry |
| Tec 5 Stanley E. Pawlak |
| 1st Lt. Robert H. Wolken |
| Pfc. James W. Rinehart |
| 1st Lt. Curtis M. Edmund |

Cpl. Chester Winchowski
Capt. Sidney C. Cole
Cpl. Leo H. Grill
S/Sgt. Marshall F. Pritts
1st Lt. Donald F. Cameron
Tec 4 Joseph Homza
Cpl. Pete Maneno
Pfc. Harry W. Ekstrom
Pvt. Rupert W. Dawson
Pfc. Frank R. Comfort
2nd Lt. William E. Copley
Sgt. Ray C. Faulx
Sgt. Edward Sicenavage
Pvt. James S. Hadnagy
S/Sgt. George M. Shaffer

BRONZE STAR

S/Sgt. Garland B. Cook Sgt. Delbert A. Amig Pvt. Wilburn Martin Pfc. Edward G. Power 1st Lt. William J. Ellis (Cluster) Sgt. Imrich M. Sarabok (Cluster) Sgt. Sylvester Szymkowiak Tec 5 James A. Miller S/Sgt. Raymond E. Strohl Capt. Samuel W. Shibler 2nd Lt. Benjamin H. Lassiter Pfc. Edward H. Greenwood Cpl. Raymond J. Bauer Sgt. Patrick R. McMahon 1st Lt. Donald E. Ellison Sgt. Wade H. Pugh Cpl. Donald McGill Tec 5 Torrence L. Freeman Capt. John B. Cook Tec 4 Donald H. Davies (Cluster) Cpl. Charles O. Foote Sgt. Alton J. Harrell (Cluster) 1st Lt. Goodwin W. McElroy Tec 3 John Hornyak, Jr. Cpl. Harry W. Graham Pvt. Stanley E. Sawyer 1st Lt. Thomas A. Cookingham S/Sgt. Herbert C. Donavant Tec 4 V. J. Lybrand Tec 4 Dewey Scott Tec 4 Robert E. Stone Tec 5 Max W. Crawley Tec 5 Wayne C. Sheldon Pfc. Anthony C. Picarello Cpl. Bruno H. Aglietti Tec 5 William L. Brennan Sgt. Harry M. Bly Sgt. John J. Daniels 2nd Lt. Arlie W. Wilson (Cluster) Sgt. Sledon W. Harris Sgt. Antone Rose

Tec 5 Joseph E. Butler

Pfc. Arthur S. Malone Pvt. Carl E. Sackett Pvt. William E. Stockton Pvt. Kenneth L. Tawyea Pvt. Clark L. West Pvt. Chester Winchowski Tec 5 Robert T. Osborne Capt. Eugene H. Perry (Cluster) S/Sgt, Leo V. Amilkavich S/Sgt. Cecil H. Grahem 1st Lt. Howard C. Davis Tec 5 Francis Sutton Lt. Col. Samuel E. Mays Pfc. Vernon L. Heiter (Cluster) Sgt. Morris D. Hardin Tec 4 John F. Mueller Capt. Marion C. Pugh (Cluster) Major Henry C. Kerlin Sgt. Jess W. Ullery Sgt. Henry J. Jagoda S/Sgt. Velmar R. Alexander T/Sgt. Alfred R. McCue 1st Lt. Paul A. Broome Sgt. Edward G. Masi Pvt. Sam E. Gilbert Sgt. Ioseph S. Bubel Major John J. Lavin Capt. William P. Hunter 2nd Lt. William E. Copley Sgt. Levin Adkins Tec 4 Clarence J. Beck Cpl. William G. Cottingham Pfc. Phillip H. Margules S/Sgt. Elwood M. Kristianson Sgt. William F. Shaffer Tec 4 Dominick D. Gregory T/Sgt. Albert E. Joern Sgt. John D. Haas Pfc. James N. Collins, Jr. Cpl. George E. Sylvester Tec 4 George H. Warfel S/Sgt. Hammet E. Murphy Cpl. Nicholas Lemme

Sgt. Sidney Smith 1st Sgt. Steve Pyrch Pfc. Ambrose Racaniello Sgt. Joseph Yencha S/Sgt, Raymond L. Sherwood Tec 5 Raymond C. Scheppman Sgt. Walter Clifford, Ir. Sgt. Bernard Zukowski -Sgt. Andrew T. Ridgely T/Sgt. Wasyl C. Homa CWO Harry Sinclair 1st Sgt. Charles W. Dean M/Sgt. Clayton C. Brown Sgt. John F. Snow S/Sgt. Albert Hall Tec 5 Paul R. Bethe Sgt. Lloyd P. Garner Sgt. Robert M. Bowen S/Sgt. William B. Gardner Sgt. Alex Vargo, Jr. Tec 4 John L. Cornell, Jr. Sgt. George T. Sasse Cpl. William P. Kannel S/Sgt. Albert Markunas Tec 4 Robert E. Palmer Sgt. William Brewster Pfc. Charles E. Ritenour Sgt. Robert B. Florer Tec 5 Lanta H. Boyles Capt. Sidney C. Cole Cpl. Neil J. Hallinan Sgt. Floyd E. Phelps 2nd Lt. George G. Griffith Sgt. James C. Smith Sgt. William D. Roberts Cpl. Rufus Hudson Cpl. Gerald G. Johnson Sgt. Jacob C. Huffman T/Sgt. August W. Zudar Cpl. William H. Davis Sgt. Homer E. Kellev Tec 5 Joseph W. Wodzak T/Sgt. Samuel Nathenson

Tec 4 John H. Waiter M/Sgt. Frank G. Waugh Sgt. Herbert D. Ingram S/Sgt. Lloyd Stakes Capt. Emil J. Bernard S/Sgt. James W. Rinehart Tec 4 Bernard L. Ditchey

S/Sgt. William Cunningham Sgt. Joseph F. Burns Cpl. Audray A. Deetz Cpl. Frederick E. Swalby Pfc. Kenneth Gillis 1st Lt. Daniel Cohen 1st Lt. Edward A. Rupple

PURPLE HEART

T/Sgt. Wasyl C. Homa 2nd Lt. Leonard J. Allen Capt, Marion C. Pugh (Cluster) 2nd Lt. Louis J. Izzo Sgt. Richard H. Chirdon Pfc. Vernon L. Heiter (2 Clusters) Sgt. Charles A. Pranitis (2 Clusters) Pfc. Woodrow Fugate Sgt. Stephen M. Comarnitsky S/Sgt. John A. Bednarczyk (1 Cluster) Pvt. Daniel Hoell Tec 4 John A. Timko 2nd Lt. Paul A. Broome (1 Cluster) Tec 5 Morris D. Hardin (1 Cluster) Cpl. Derald Zipf (1 Cluster) Sgt. Charles H. Cooper Tec 5 John L. Cornell 1st Lt. Robert H. Wolken Tec 4 Clarence I. Beck Pfc. Robert G. Adams Pfc. William G. Cottingham Tec 4 Frank E. Burock Sgt. William D. Roberts Pfc. Thaddeus A. Aleshire Pvt. Ziggie Barczak S/Sgt. Mike Blazevich Sgt. William E. Bristow Sgt. Junior R. Christie (1 Cluster) Pfc. John D. Gaines (1 Cluster) Pvt. Everett N. Jones Tec 4 Arthur L. Klein Pvt. Delbert E. Medford (1 Cluster) Tec 5 George Merichko

Sgt. Charles J. Metsopulos Tec 4 Herman B. Nail Pfc. Clarence Peck Cpl. Edward I. Ponganis Pvt. Charles F. Schmitz Pvt. Edward Spaleny Pfc. Linvil R. Ware Pvt. Thomas E. Bandelin Cpl. Charles R. Carlson 2nd Lt. William E. Copley (1 Cluster) Tec 4 William J. Ewing Tec 4 Joseph Homza (1 Cluster) Cpl. George E. Kenney (1 Cluster) Cpl. Marion Kuchna Tec 5 Albert Miller Pfc. Chow W. Quong Pfc. Thomas J. Stelma Sgt. Jess W. Ullery S/Sgt. Joe Dasovich Tec 5 Paul S. Paulson Sgt. Nicholas J. Dinninni Pfc. Eron F. Steward Pfc. Wilson O. Hamilton Tec 4 Arthur P. Radwanski Pvt. Albert C. Burns Sgt. Joseph G. Dragan Sgt. Ray C. Faulx Pfc. Richard C. Kesner Tec 5 George Barker Sgt. John F. Snow (Cluster) Pvt. William D. O'Neill S/Sgt. Melvin R. Austin Tec 5 Claude W. Pinckney (1 Cluster)

Pvt. Luther F. Kramer Tec 5 Porter M. Rodgers, Jr. Pfc. Joseph R. Rappoccio (1 Cluster) Pfc. Kenneth Gillis Tec 5 Gene E. Copeland Sgt. Fred J. Schiffbauer Tec 5 Paul A. Hatcher Sgt. Ralph D. Dell'Erba (1 Cluster) Cpl. James C. Stewart Pfc. William O. Pierce 1st Lt. Donald F. Cameron Pfc. James R. Lee Sgt. Levin E. Adkins Pvt. Michael Oliveri Pfc. Ernest Riker Capt. Eugene Perry Pfc. Richard J. Burch Pvt. Salomon Cohn Pvt. Denvil B. Johnson 2nd Lt. Lawrence H. Kahn Tec 4 V. J. Lybrand Cpl. Michael Melnick Cpl. Julius Merker (1 Cluster) Pyt. Julius F. Mione Pfc. Cermello Orrichio Cpl. Morris Redler Tec 4 James R. Sellers (Cluster) Pvt. William E. Stockton Pvt. Lawrence J. Yatta 2nd Lt. Warren E. Clark Pfc. George E. Davis Pfc. Delmar Hall (1 Cluster) Cpl. Donald L. Keehn Pvt. Stanley C. Konopka Pfc. Trask R. Lvons Cpl. Milliard A. Paulison Sgt. Harry M. Sibrel Sgt. Sylvester Syzmkowiak (1 Cluster) 2nd Lt. Arlie W. Wilson Pvt. Sam E. Gilbert

Pfc. Herman Scull

Pvt. James W. Stewart

Tec 5 Robert T. Osborne (1 Cluster)

Tec 4 Stewart Jacobs Pfc. Bruno H. Aglietti 1st Lt. Curtis M. Edmund Pfc. Arnold Strelitz 1st Lt. Donald E. Ellison Pfc. Otto T. Albrecht Pfc. Peter Rusnok Cpl. Ben E. Whalen Pfc. Elba E. Savage 2nd Lt. Horace L. Smith Pfc. Francis Sutton Cpl. Homer E. Kelley Pvt. Adam E. Gregory S/Sgt. Louie M. Adams 2nd Lt. Alex C. Kazmierski S/Sgt. Garland B. Cook (2 Cluster) Pvt. Joe F. Henard (1 Cluster) Pfc. Arvel Godby Sgt. Jacob C. Huffman Cpl. William D. O'Conner Tec 5 Raymond H. Worts Pvt. Otha L. Messer, Ir. Sgt, Edward G. Masi (1 Cluster) Pfc. Jesse D. Silcott (1 Cluster) Pvt. John H. Remick Sgt. Charles Protenic (1 Cluster) Pfc. Earl F. Kessler Pfc. Willard F. Kohler (1 Cluster) 1st Lt. Turney W. Leonard Cpl. Henry J. Jagoda Sgt. Leo H. Grill Pvt, Joseph M. Bellini 1st Lt. Jack W. Fuller (1 Cluster) Tec 5 Robert Dawson Sgt. Carl J. Smith (1 Cluster) Pvt. Woodrow A. Biddinger Cpl. George C. Cummins Pvt. Pietro P. Favato Sgt. James W. Rinehart Cpl. Gerald J. Miller Pvt. Robert G. Brown S/Sgt. Lloyd Stakes Lt. Col. Samuel E. Mays

Major John J. Lavin 2nd Lt. Leonard R. Burgess Cpl. William F. Shaffer Tec 5 Herman C. Rogers Tec 5 Joseph Reilly Cpl. David R. Bowser Pfc. James A. Blackburn (2 Cluster) Pvt. James C. Stevenson 1st Lt. Edward A. Rupple Pvt. Bob Askins Cpl. John A. Suchanek Pfc. Delmar Hall Sgt. John O. Haas Pvt. John Sable Cpl. Mike Haschak Tec 5 Waltzia A. Green Pvt. Roy A. Guthrie Tec 4 Robert J. Batts Sgt. Joseph Suhy Pvt. Harold M. Itnyre Sgt. Joseph S. Bubel Tec 5 George R. Metzger Tec 5 Joseph M. Bando Sgt. John R. Vitchock Pvt. Maurice W. Guinn Cpl. Mort M. Estep Sgt. James C. Smith Pfc. Alvin E. Kincaid 1st Lt. John S. Jarvis S/Sgt. Roy H. Gunter Tec 4 George E. Miller Pvt. Nicholas Lemme Tec 4 Donald H. Davies Pfc. Cecil C. Wagner Sgt. Carl J. Smith 2nd Lt. Imrich M. Sarabok Pfc. Harvey A. Mills Sgt. Melvin S. Minter Pvt. Raiford L. Langford S/Sgt. Danforth H. Webster Tec 4 Robert E. Palmer Pfc. Henry C. Amend Pvt. Bryon E. Blakely

Pfc. Charles W. Burgess Sgt. John H. Cooper (1 Cluster) S/Sgt. Omer H. Dinsmore T/Sgt. Melvin E. Storm Pvt. Alfred L. Willis Pvt. Aubrey J. Blackwell Pvt. John E. Bogan (1 Cluster) Sgt. William L. Brown Pvt. William W. Carter Pfc. Jesus E. Contreras Cpl. Wendelin Dreher Sgt. John L. Filko Pyt. Lloyd F. Hancock Cpl. Mike Haschak (1 Cluster) Pvt. Raymond L. Inman Pvt. Lewis I. Krebs Tec 5 Andrew C. Loffelholz Pvt. Phillip H. Margules Pfc. Vernon B. Meyers Tec 5 Stanley E. Pawlak Pvt. Stanley E. Sawyer (1 Cluster) Tec 5 Richard Steinmetz Sgt. Alex Vargo Pvt. Bruce E. Wright Cpl. Rex E. Corsbie Tec 4 Lawrence Hector Tec 4 Charles W. Hirst Pvt. Vincent J. Kratovich Pfc. Arthur S. Malone Sgt. Antone Rose Pvt. Derald Whittenberger Pvt. Harold Barringer Pfc. Bernard G. Borris Pvt. Homer C. Dillon Pfc. James N. Honeycutt Pfc. Edward G. Power Sgt. Tony Tassone Pvt. Arthur C. Bell Sgt. Harry M. Bly Pfc. Robert I. Brichacek 1st Lt. Christopher P. Caputo Pvt. Elzie Centers Pvt. Curtis Coyle

Pvt. Harry R. Dowdell Pfc. Paul E. Gard

Pfc. Edward H. Greenwood (1 Cluster)

Sgt. Alton J. Harrell Pvt. Guy T. Hodge

Cpl. Alfred C. Ingagliato

Sgt. Michael Kekalos

Pfc. Bernard I. Keyser

Cpl. Nicholas Lemme (2 Clusters)

Pvt. Vincent J. Loscoe

Pfc. Burton N. Merklinger, Jr.

Tec 5 McKinley R. Moore

Pvt. Harold D. Prescott Tec 5 Charles H. Reitz

Pvt. James H. Williams

Pvt. James H. William Pvt. Avalo R. Grimm

Pvt. John Joyce

Tec 5 Robert C. Lunn

BATTALION STAFF

Commanding Officer Lt. Col. Henry C. Kerlin

Executive Officer Major John J. Lavin

Operations Officer Major William E. Nash

Adjutant
Capt. Emil J. Bernard

Intelligence Officer Capt. Sidney C. Cole

Supply Officer Capt. William P. Hunter

Medical Officer Capt. Samuel W. Shibler

HISTORY OF THE 893D TANK DESTROYER BATTALION

I. EARLY HISTORY

The history of the 893d T. D. Bn. actually began in 1916, with the activation of the 34th Inf. Regt. on the Mexican border. From there it went to France and participated actively in World War I. Upon return to the States it was stationed at Ft. Eustis, Virginia. After a short stay at this post it was transferred to Ft. George G. Meade, Maryland, where it remained for seventeen years.

On June 5, 1940, the 34th Inf. Regt. of the 8th Division was inactivated at Ft. Benning, Georgia. From the 2nd Battalion of the 34th Inf. Regt. the 93rd Inf. Antitank Battalion was formed. In July 1941, under the command of Lt. Col. Richard G. Tindall (now Brigadier-General), the 93rd Inf. Antitank Battalion was assigned the duty of developing Tank Destroyer doctrine, tactics, techniques and weapons, becoming, in effect, the first Tank Destroyer Battalion. It was a provisional T.D. Bn. and for this purpose, used "C" Co. of the 70th Tank Battalion for the Reconnaissance Company. In this form it participated in the 1941 Carolina Maneuvers as a means of proving the doctrine, tactics and technique developed up to this time. The maneuver was a success and on December 15, 1941, at Ft. George G. Meade, Maryland, the 93rd Inf. Antitank Battalion was redesignated the 893d Tank Destroyer Battalion. Due to diligent and brilliant thinking and performance of officers and enlisted personnel of this battalion, Tank Destroyers had now become a recognized part of the Army. This new type of unit was later to prove itself the most versatile and aggressive striking force on the battle fields of the world.

The 893d T.D. Bn. was the first unit to arrive at Camp Hood, Texas, the new Tank Destroyer Center. There it became the

first Tank Destroyer School Troops and contributed several hundreds of experienced officers and enlisted men to the newly organized T.D. training organizations. Three of these officers became generals.

Early in 1943 the Battalion moved to Camp Shelby, Mississippi. It participated brilliantly in the 1943 Louisiana Maneuvers and

departed in December 1943 for England.

II. ENGLAND

On January 18, 1944, the 893d T.D. Bn. arrived at Liverpool, in a drizzling rain. The men, for the first time, saw bomb damage. The unit moved, on peculiar little English trains, to the village of Chudleigh in Devon. There the men were introduced to living in billets, mild and bitter beer, a miserable cold climate and many other innovations. In late March the Battalion moved to Bridport in Dorset, a south coast town. Here it went into hard training for the final test; entry into combat with the 2nd Infantry Division on July 3, 1944.

III. NORMANDY

It was the night of July 1, 1944 — D plus 25. Troopships heavily laden with vehicles and men wallowed at anchor off Omaha Beach. Many other ships were moored to the long jetties which broke the surf — tugs, freighters and specialized landing craft. Still other ships, like the sunken LST with its bow still above the water, old worthless hulks that had been mighty vessels, then lay aground, shattered by shells and storm. Some of the smaller ones lay high and dry amidst the mass of destruction on Omaha Beach, near the small French town of St. Laurent-Sur-Mer.

Occasional air-raids kept AA gunners on the ships alert. All units were ferried to shore on Rhino Barges and were guided of the beach through Trevieres to the bivouac near Cerisy la Foret.

Everybody dug in. CP's were dug in, slit trenches dug, and everything camouflaged. Suddenly there was a series of violent

detonations in the fields next to us. Almost everyone ran for his hole until someone called attention to what it really was — outgoing shells. The 893 T. D. Bn., commanded by Lt. Col. Samuel E. Mays, had embarked on its supreme lest — actual combat.

The 893d was assigned to 1st U.S. Army, attached to V Corps and attached to the 2nd Infantry Division for operations.

Company "B" was in reserve near the huge Foret de Cerisy, while Company "C" was in direct fire positions near the Battalion C. P. at Cerisy la Foret. Meanwhile, Company "A" became busy on an indirect fire mission in positions near Litteau.

On July 11 at 0540 in the morning, the attack of the 2nd Infantry Division against the German 3rd Paratroop Division which was dug in on Hill 192, began. This hill dominated the entire battle area in the Division sector and was the "key" to St. Lo. For three hours steadily the ground shook as American artillery laid down their terrific barrage. The barrels of Company "A" guns became discolored with the heat of continuous firing. Company "C" displaced forward to take positions in direct fire near Cloville, in support of the 38th Inf. Before night, Hill 192 was ours.

During this time the High Command was developing plans for Operation Cobra which resulted in the great Break-through.

In accordance with the big plan, the 2nd Division planned a double envelopement. The 9th Regiment and the 38th were to drive to objectives about 2500 yards to the south and join there. The 23rd was to clean out the resulting pocket. Company "A" remained with the 9th Regiment, Company "C" with the 38th, and Company "B" was still in indirect fire.

The German artillery had zeroed in on all the main roads, which had to be used in the advance, as the hedgerows prevented advancing across the fields. Hence, the German defense was tied up closely with the hedgerows. In order to nullify this, hedgerow cutters were attached to the tanks and TD's, cutters which would enable our armor to advance cross-country and to spoil the German defenses.

Exact routes through the hedges to be followed by the armor were worked out on 1:10,000 scale Assault Maps.

Finnaly, on July 25th, everything was ready. A vast armada of 3000 planes roared over all morning. One could feel the earth tremble with the bomb-blasts. Dive, medium and heavy bombardment aviation all played a part.

On the morning of the 26th, V Corps jumped off, the 2nd Division advancing. Tanks, then TD's plunged forward, paving the way for the infantry. Company "A" with the 9th Regiment moved forward rapidly to the South, but the other pincer, where Company "C" was working with the 38th, made slow headway. The contents of the intended pocket escaped.

On the night of the 27th, a lone German plane zoomed directly over a "C" Co. gun and dropped an incendiary bomb down the turret. Nine men underneath the destroyer escaped, but T/5 Romeo and T/5 Milcarek inside the turret, were killed. P. F. C. McMahon tried to get inside the destroyer to rescue them, but the smoke, intense heat, and then the exploding ammunition made it useless.

The following day, Company "C" scored when the 1st and 2nd platoon fired at targets at St. Armand outside of St. Jean des Baissants. Sgt. Pranitis of the 2nd Platoon knocked down a church steeple which was being used by the enemy as an OP. It was later discovered that the same destroyer crew had knocked out a SP 75 gun at the base of the church. Two German observers were killed.

Finally, Company "A", with the 9th Inf., went down the steep hill to the Vire River, and waited under withering shelling while the engineers built a bridge across the river. Later, the other companies went across with the infantry.

A little way outside of Vire at a road intersection, Lt. Izzo with the 1st Platoon of Company "C", was on the left flank of the First Army. The only thing in front of it was one forward observer with a telephone and a rifleman. At dusk, three tanks were heard coming down the road. Lt. Izzo motioned to Sgt. Vitchock who came up with a bazooka, and they moved quietly

up to the side of the road to knock out the lead tank, when they suddenly heard a British voice say, "They should be at Vire!" That was the first contact with the British. The tanks were three Cromwells of the British 11th Armored Division.

The British were reported to have cleared Vire. Lt. Corsalini, of the 1st Recon Platoon with Company "A" took a patrol in to check on this and found a British Captain who was doing the same thing. German small arms fire chased them out. This unreliability of second hand reports was one of the first things that reconnaissance personnel really learned in combat.

On August 3rd, we entered the pile of rubble that was Vire. It had been bombed and shelled continuously for 48 hours before being entered.

Through a series of French towns we continued to fight and to liberate.

August 13th brought bad luck for Company "A". In Company "A"'s sector, near Truttmer Le Grand, Lt. Walker's 1st Platoon took over a tank mission; laying direct fire on an enemy strong point in the next hedgerow. Due to heavy shellfire falling in that area, Lt. Walker pulled a pair of wounded infantrymen into his destroyer via the escape hatch. Later, Lt. Walker was standing in the turret observing the fire of his guns, when an enemy sniper killed him. He was the first 893d officer killed.

Elements of the 2nd Ren. Plt. with Company "B" of the 893d T. D. Bn. seized Tinchebray. Shortly thereafter Reconnaissance Company posted guides, and provided advance and rear guards for the long 90 mile night march on August 18th to Medavy, where the Battalion was attached to the 80th and 90th Divisions. Enemy planes flew over the moving column, occasionally dropping flares. The march was blackout all the way. Togas of Company "C" was killed when an M-10 hit a house.

The mission of V Corps with the 80th and 90th Divisions was jointly with the Canadians, Poles and British, to close the Falaise pocket, containing large elements of the German Seventh Army, and to capture Argentan. Company "A" with the 80th Division was to take Argentan, while Company "B" was to assist in this

attack, providing depth. "C" Co., guided into position by General Gerow himself, was assigned to support the 90th Division. Lt. Col. Herold, CO of the 610th and formerly CO of Company "B", 893d, was killed by shellfire during this operation. While the gun companies were generally in position along a high ridge where they could observe the efforts of the German Seventh Army to escape through Chambois, this Army was practically destroyed by direct and indirect fire weapons.

On August 21st, the 1st Recon Platoon with Company "A", sent two vehicles out to find a route to move destroyers into Argentan, which the infantry had reported clear. One jeep went into Argentan and found the report was not correct. Only by quick thinking and fast shooting did the crew (Kessler, Centers, Sgt. Silcott and Branham) escape with only minor injuries. They were obliged to leave the 1/4 ton with radio intact in enemy hands, Lt. Corsalini with Sgt. Sarabok and Corporal Tillotson in a 1/4 ton went forward, dismounted and tried to recover the 1/4 ton. Sgt. Rhinehardt, Wodzak and Shanahan in an M-8 covered the advance of the 1/4 ton. Rhinehardt saw Germans abandon the vehicle, warned the 1/4 ton crew, then fired on the enemy, hitting one German with a round of 37 mm HE. He went to pieces! Shanahan noticed a German machine gun crew trying to outflank them. He stopped them with .50 caliber MG fire.

The closing of the gap was strictly an international affair. British, Poles, colorful French colonial troops, and the French 2nd Armored, all took part. On the 19th, the 3rd Platoon of Company "A" entered Argentan. Sgt. Austin knocked out a German SP that day.

After going into company and battalion assembly areas for a few hours, the battalion was attached to the 4th Infantry Division on a mission, with the 2nd French Armored, of taking Paris. The movement was completely motorized, infantry being loaded on tanks, destroyers, trucks, jeeps, armored cars, — in fact, anything that could roll.

Company "C" rolled forward with the 22nd Infantry Regiment

to the little town of Corbeil, Southeast of Paris, where they fired across the Seine to cover the crossing of the Regiment. Meanwhile, Company "B", with the 12th Regiment, moved into Paris through the Porte d'Orleans, Capt. Cook setting up his company CP in front of Notre Dame Cathedral; the first U.S. troops in Paris. The destroyers were over-run by joyous crowds hailing the liberators. There were many songs and plenty of "Vive l'Amerique! — Vive la France!" There was also sniper fire, but the FFI took care of most of that. The Battalion C. P. was located in Bois-de-Vincennes, a city park.

On August 27th, Company "C" moved on across the river and liberated East Paris with the 22nd Infantry, and on into the suburbs of Aulnaysous-Bois.

IV. NORTH FRANCE & BELGIUM

The war became a pursuit operation, with contact generally being lost during the day, a brief fight coming up at dusk with enemy rear guard SP guns, mortars and automatic weapons which usually permitted the main German forces to pull out. With the highly motorized task force Regnier and Task Force Taylor, Companies "B" and "C" traveled along the main roads. In like manner, Company "A" supported the 8th Infantry. All along the highways, wrecked or abandoned German equipment could be seen.

Going up a long trail of wrecked German equipment, the destroyers of the 893d climbed the mountainous terrain near Fumay, crossed over into Libin, Belgium, where we were again greeted as liberators by the Belgians. Many black, yellow and red flags decorated the houses while signs proclaimed — "Vive les Libérateurs!"

Company "A" ran into a heavy rear guard action near Recogne, knocking out several large trucks, one 75 mm AT gun and two 20 mm AA guns.

On September 10, Company "C" with the 22nd Infantry riding their destroyers left St. Hubert, Belgium, without the usual support of tanks. Later in the day the destroyers pulled

into the outskirts of Houffalize. German rear guard elements, including armor, were holding the town. The destroyers opened fire, driving the enemy out of the town. Gunners used their gunner's quadrants at extreme ranges. They silenced a haystack which turned out to be a well camouflaged SP gun.

On the next night, September 11th, Lt. Izzo with two destroyers, Sgt. Dinini, and Sgt. Graham, went on a patrol with about 25 infantrymen from the 22nd Regiment. The mission was to go into Germany. They crossed the border near Elcherath, Germany, took the town and returned with two bags of German soil for the Division Commander. They were the first U.S. troops to enter Germany.

Encountering only light opposition, elements of Company "A" entered Mutzenich, on September 13th, with Company "B" going into Honsfeld the next day. They set up direct fire positions there with guns covering the main tank approaches to the towns. The entire Battalion was in Germany.

V. THE RHINELAND (Part I)

On September 14th, Company "C" was pulled back for a brief period of maintenance, Company "A" moving into the vicinity of Buchet with the 22nd Infantry. The pillboxes which the patrols had found largely empty were filled with Germans while this shift was taking place.

On the 14th, four tanks and all 12 destroyers of Company "A" stormed into the Siegfried Line against stiff resistance, in support of the 22nd Regiment. In a two-day running battle during which they attempted to penetrate the stronghold of Brandscheidt three times, these two platoons of Company "A" neutralized 20 pill-boxes and several direct fire weapons. Nazi troops frequently slipped back into neutralized pillboxes. The infantry lost heavily during the period.

One of the destroyers was blown up by a mine. The driver, Byers, jumped out of the disabled M-10, landed on another mine blowing him to pieces. In the process of grouping around the destroyer in order to inspect the damage, 11 more of the men from other units were killed.

Meanwhile, Company "B" was in position East of Schlausenbach in the Schnee-Eifel Forest with the 12th Regiment.

Two destroyers of the 1st Platoon commanded by Sgt. Cooper and Sgt. Sasse pulled the old box play on an enemy tank which was firing at our infantry from beside a pillbox. One of the destroyers approached the tank frontally while the other one fired on it from the flank and jammed the turret; when the tank tried to change position to return fire, the other destroyer knocked it out.

One night about 20 men from another division on a front-line security mission were foolish enough to go to sleep without setting up any security at all. During the night five German tanks, with full headlights, moved into the area. The men all surrender-without a fight, and the Germans lined them up, shot them all and pulled out. The 2nd Platoon of Company "C" was sent there for the next week to patrol the area in case any more tank patrols came around.

On September 30th, Company "A" was attached to the 102nd Cavalry Group. They patrolled with the cavalry the area of Hofen to Rocherath, a screening operation intended to hide the movements of other bodies of troops to the North. This was largely uneventful patrolling. Sgt. Lassiter became Lt. Lassiter at this time, the first enlisted man to receive a battlefield commission in the 893d.

Early in October the Battalion with the 4th Division moved North and West into Belgium on a holding mission. Company "C" moved into Murringen and set up for indirect fire for the first time. The gun crews lived in ammunition box houses, built more for protection from the weather than from shelling. The security was luckier. They continued the newly acquired habit of sleeping in houses. Special Service supplied frequent movies and shows.

On October 28th, the 893d was attached to the 28th Division and moved into the Hurtgen Forest near Zweifall. Companies "B" and "C" went into indirect fire positions while Company "A" remained with the 102nd Cav. Gp.

On November 2nd the 28th intered Vossenack and the next day took Kommerscheidt and Schmidt. The first effort to take the Roer River dams had begun.

On the 4th the Germans counterattacked, pushed the infantry out of Schmidt back to Kommerscheidt Hill where they dug in. The 3rd Recon Platoon, attached to Company "C", checked the narrow Vossenack-Kommerscheidt road over which Company "C" had been ordered to move to support the 112th Infantry Regiment at Kommerscheidt. Tanks of the 707th Tank Battalion, which tried the road, slipped off the side going around one curve. Tankers worked all afternoon trying to get the tanks out, while the 1340th Engineers worked on the road. Company "C" was ordered to get to the hill by daylight, while at the same time the Engineers were to have the road cleared. Meantime, the 1st and 3rd Platoons had moved into Vossenack, and early on the morning of the 5th of November, they pulled down into the Kall River Draw, while the 2nd Platoon on the way into Vossenack lost one destroyer, Sgt. Petock's, on a mine.

Followed by tanks of the 707th, the 3rd and 1st Platoons of Company "C" crawled up towards Kommerscheidt under heavy shellfire, and finally into town, behind buildings. In the late morning German tanks and infantry came out from Schmidt to attack. By the end of the day, Lt. McElroy was killed, Sgt. Wilson taking over command of the 3rd Platoon, and Sgt. Hardin of the 1st Platoon was also killed. Sgt. Sicenavage's gun had knocked out four German tanks, with Corporal Kietzman as gunner. Sgt. Chirdon had knocked out one and so had Sgt. Hardin before he was killed. That evening Lt. Edmunds' 2nd Platoon moved past Sgt. Rose's destroyer, which had broken a track in the draw, and up onto Kommerscheidt Hill.

Early in the morning of November 6th, several 1/4 tons with ammunition for the men on the hill were ambushed, and Corporal Bauer of Recon 3rd Platoon was killed. The Germans had at the same time infiltrated into the eastern end of Vossenack. Capt. Pugh and Lt. Fuller moved down with two Company "B" destroyers that had just pulled into the town, and dispersed the ambush.

This was Task Force Ripple, led by Lt. Col. Ripple, commanding the 707th Tank Battalion. The armor couldn't make it because of the mines and shells, but one battalion of the 110th Infantry did get through to the hill, along with Capt. Pugh, through the woods.

While the fight continued on the hill and more armor on both sides was knocked out, Capt. Cook and Capt. Cole brought indirect fire of Lt. Davis' 1st Platoon and Lt. Ellis' 3rd Platoon to bear on German infantry in the draw North of Vossenack.

Up on the hill, AP fire coming from Bergstein began to crash into Kommerscheidt. Capt. Pugh, Company "C" Company Commander, on Sgt. Miller's destroyer, gave the coordinates to the artillery and then directed the fire of the 8 inch guns onto the German guns. Our aviation dropped bombs on the same guns. While the Thunderbolts were roaring low to quiet Bergstein's batteries, Sgt. Wilson and Lt. Leonard were moving about in the shell fire directing the fire of their platoons. Lt. Leonard won the Congressional Medal of Honor. He is missing in action.

Late that night weasels from the division with a special guard of the 2nd Rangers tried to get through to Kommerscheidt. All but three of the vehicles were put out of action.

The morning of the 7th saw the battle on Kommerscheidt Hill as hot as ever. Sgt. Masi of the 2nd Platoon knocked out two Panther tanks. Infantry attacked both our flanks. Thunderbolts came over low, bombed Schmidt. Destroyer crews hastily put panels across the breech where the planes could see them but the enemy couldn't. To strafe the infantry which was attacking us, P-38s came in at tree-top level, their machine guns blazing, almost chopping the acrials off the destroyers. Sgt. Masi's destroyer, where Lt. Edmunds was located, was put out of action in a barn that was used to conceal the gun. When the Germans demanded he come out and surrendered, Lt. Edmunds

velled back - "Come in and get me!" Finally, wounded, he crawled to a hole, patched up his own wounds, and stayed there until later captured. That same afternoon, about 1500, there was another attempt to break thru to "C" Company. This time Lt. Smith and Lt. Fuller with 4 destroyers of the 2nd platoon, "B" Company, were to try to get thru in daylight on orders of higher authority, in spite of the fact that the road was mined, blocked, and in enemy hands. Lt. Col. Mays, then battalion commander of the 893d, asked for 4 volunteers to man 30 caliber machine guns to be mounted on the front of each destroyer (tripod mount!). Four men from Recon Company volunteered — Pfc. Rusnock, Tec 5 Reitz, Pfc. Blazier, and Tec 5 Zukowski. The men on the Hill could see them start down, and watched the elimination of the column with sinking hearts. The German artillery fire came in right on the nose. Moving down the hill the entire column was knocked out of action by direct and indirect fire. A little later the same day, German armor smashed thru and into Kommerscheidt, the infantry, (there weren't many left alive), pulling back into a little patch of woods on the Hill. The TD's and tanks covered their withdrawal, and then those that were still able to move, withdrew. The constant shelling all all night long meant many casualties. Perhaps the worst part of it was that there was no way of evacuating the wounded; there were no supplies, little food; there was nothing but enemy and shells. The German write-up of the battle tells of "3000 shells thrown into the Kettle from all sides."

At 1900 on the 7th, Capt. Pugh radioed in, "I have no platoon leaders." In response to a question about the tanks and infantry with him — "Very, very little of both." There were only three guns left — Sgt. Sicenavage, Sgt. Vitchock, and Sgt. Grill. All the men whose vehicles were out were in fox-holes, some of them manning machine guns, or assisting the aid men in trying to make the wounded as comfortable as possible.

Meanwhile, "C" Company's rear, fed by a heavy stream of supply from the Battalion, which did everything it could to help, got to work. Lt. Burgess, "C" Company Administrative Officer, formed a 4th Platoon, mainly from the crew of Sgt. Petock, who had lost his gun, and from Company CP personnel. The new platoon was heavily stocked with only battle items, and turned over to Lt. Izzo, who later moved the platoon up to the vicinity of Vossenack with "B" Company. It was intended to move the platoon to the Hill originally.

On the 8th most of the 1340th Engineers who were still trying to hold the bridge were killed by shell fire. "B" Company firing from Vossenack knocked out 5 German tanks moving across Kommerscheidt Hill.

Finally, on the night of the 8th of November, the men of "C" Company who were still left on the Hill and waited expectantly for another attack, hopelessly for reinforcements, got the order to withdraw. The group came back in 3 different parties — one with Capt. Pugh and Sgt. Wilson, another with Sgt. Pritts, and a third with Sgt. McMahon. They all cut thru the woods, infiltrating back thru the enemy lines into Vossenack, which was half in German hands. On the night of the 8th and the morning of the 9th, it turned bitter cold and snowed.

"C" Company had knocked out 17 German tanks and 150 or more German infantry were killed. But the cost was high, 11 destroyers lost, and many casualties. Of the men to go up on the hill, only 1 officer and 27 men had come back.

About this time, "A" Company, still with the cavalry, shifted operations to the north, working between Lammersdorf and Monschau.

"B" Company continued to hold in Vossenack. During the time "C" was on the hill "B" had lost 6 destroyers. Worse than the loss of guns, was the loss in men — over 40 % casualties, because of the heavy fire the enemy poured into the rubble which was Vossenack — 3000—3500 rounds per day. After helping repel the counterattack of the 6th, the company had pulled back to the west end of town.

About the 11th, Lt. Davis' 1st platoon moved south and west and fired for a period of about three days on the draw to the north of Silberscheidt, with 100 Germans killed and many wounded, 1 AT gun out, 1 machine gun out, 2 bunkers destroyed, and 1 road block wrecked as a result of this fire. A patrol of the 2nd Ranger Bn counted the dead.

During the Kommerscheidt and Vossenack operations both the 2nd and 3rd Recon Platoons had taken heavy punishment.

On the 15th of November, battered "C" Company, which had 5 days to reorganize with new replacements, was moved into Vossenack, where they replaced "B" Co. for 5 days. "C" Company then went into indirect fire. On November 18th the 28th Div. was withdrawn and the 8th Div. replaced it, bringing two companies of the 644th T.D. Bn. with them. The 893d stayed in place, joining the 8th Div.

During the fighting in Vossenack on November 23rd, Major Henry C. Kerlin became our Battalion Commander, when Lt. Col. Mays left to take command of 3rd T.D. Group.

On the first of December, Sgt. Sarabok of Reconnaissance Company was commissioned a 2nd Lieutenant.

Bergstein, the next town in the path of the American advance in the Hurtgen Forest, was invested on the night of December 5th, by CCR of the 5th Armored Division, after a hard fight and much damage by mines. Their damaged vehicles prevented the 3rd Platoon of Company "B" from getting into the town that night. They pulled back while the engineers cleared a path around the mines, allowing them to move in the next morning before daylight.

The next night, Company "C" moved out of indirect fire positions, through Hurtgen, and into Bergstein in support of the 2nd Ranger Battalion, relieving the 5th Armored. Our platoons were there for almost a week. The TD's helped to protect the American spearhead on the open high ground which stuck out into Germany like a peninsula. The 3rd Platoon of Company "B" destroyed an enemy tank.

VI. THE ARDENNES BULGE

On December 10th, the 893d was attached to the 78th Infantry Division, which was just moving into the line for it's initial

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combat mission. Company "C" replaced Company "A" with the 102nd Cav. Group, and Companies "A" and "B" "got set" in Lammersdorf.

At 0600 hours on the 13th of December, Company "A" in support of the 309th Infantry Regiment pushed off for Simmerath. Mines were everywhere. Lt. Lassiter's 3rd Platoon drove South through Simmerath, while the 1st and 2nd Platoons drove East to Witzerath and Kesternich.

It was in this area that the large German forces, probably assembled for the German campaign in the Ardennes, were diverted from the main drive by the action of the 78th Division, supported closely by Companies "A" and "B". In order to protect their drive in the South, the Germans had to hold Kesternich, "Little Aachen", as the 78th Division dubbed it.

Repeated attacks by the 309th Infantry Regiment, with Company "A" in support, during the 14th, 15th, and 17th of December met with varying success, but they were unable to hold the town, being driven back to the western end each time.

In the afternoon of December 13th, Sgt. Bednarczik with the 2nd Section, 2nd Platoon of Company "A", moved through Kesternich, clearing machine gun nests for the infantry. He was 1000 yards east of the town when he realized the infantry had been unable to follow through the terrific artillery barrage and mortar fire. His two destroyers were alone, 1000 yards in enemy territory! He stayed there until enemy AT guns knocked out an engine on one of his destroyers. He then took both guns back into Kesternich.

One pillbox near the entrance of Kesternich, which had been by-passed the previous day, continued to fire on our rear and hinder the advance. Sgt. Austin of the 3rd Platoon moved a destroyer up to within 20 feet of the pillbox door, and fired a number of rounds into it at point blank range. Forty-eight EM's and one officer surrendered. No infantry being there, the destroyer tried to herd them back to the PW inclosure, covering them with the .50 Cal. MG. A heavy barrage came in, so the Germans took advantage of the confusion and tried to escape.

Corporal Foote, in spite of the shelling, jumped out of the destroyer, killed three of them with his M-1 and got the others to come along peacefully.

Meanwhile, farther to the south, Company "C" had taken over Company "A"'s old positions in Monschau, Mutzenich, and Hofen. Shortly after they had first pulled in, the 1st Platoon, which was strung out from Mutzenich to Hofen, lost one destroyer to a shell, which blew in the end of a house, killing Sgt. Sicenavage and his gunner Corporal Keitzman, as well as wounding others in the crew. All three platoons were in direct fire positions, attached to the 102nd Cav. Group. The 2nd Platoon under Lt. Rupple had guns on Mutzenich Hill behind the 1st Platoon's, and also above Monschau itself. The 3rd Platoon was in position on the outskirts of Konzen, where both patrols and shelling were frequent. Monschau was fairly quiet, not a bad place for Company "C"'s "rest area", until about 0530 on the morning of December 17th. Screaming mimi's, shells, mortars — and finally small arms - crashed into Mutzenich, into the narrow streets of Monschau, into Konzen, and into Hofen. It was the Ardennes Drive of the Germans. Mutzenich was torn up, gas trucks were burning up, jeeps stood abandoned, knocked out by shell fire, in the middle of the road. Mortars knocked out the wire lines. Enemy paratroops landed all over. Confusion reigned.

German infantry attacked the 1st Platoon positions in Mutzenich, and Sgt. Pritts had a field day with a .50 cal. MG. About 30 dead Germans piled up in front of the gun.

Lt. Wilson, Faulx, Berry and Boxell were on pass in Eupen, when they heard German bombs hitting the outskirts of the town. They were awakened in the middle of the night to go out on patrol to help round up German paratroops.

On the hills above Monschau, every available man was used on some kind of a gun; cooks, KP's, mechanics, Field Artilleryman, Engineers, and even forward observers were used to register in captured artillery pieces against the Germans. All vehicular machine guns were used to build up local security. Christmas dinner was a quiet affair eaten in a bomb-proof shelter in Monschau, or by a nice restful gun position (interrupted only

by ME-109's). 2nd Platoon men picked up a German paratrooper who obligingly sang — Silent Night, Holy Night, for the benefit of the platoon. There was even a Christmas tree, complete with German decorations.

While Company "A" was fighting in Kesternich and Company "C" was holding in Monschau, Company "B" was also busy. It was early on the morning of December 13th that Company "B" with the 310th Infantry Regiment pushed off from Lammersdorf on Rollesbroich. The road was heavily mined with Riegel mines. The destroyers went across country to the left of the road, that night going through a mine field on into town where the infantry was still clearing the place and sniper and machine gun fire was rattling around. The 2nd Platoon took up positions guarding to the north of town, and the 1st Platoon was in position covering to the East. The infantry dug in at Rollesbroich and stayed there.

About this time, Sgt. McMahon of Reconnaissance Company and 1st Sgt. Copely of Company "B" won battlefield commissions.

German planes came over Rotgen on New Year's Day. Company "C"'s Sgt. Ullery happened to be cleaning the .50 cal. MG on his destroyer when he saw a German ME-109 coming over. He shot it down and received official credit for it.

During most of January each gun company kept one or more platoons on the line. The platoons not on the line did a lot of indirect firing. Lt. Cohen supervised the company fire direction centers. The men lived in small wood huts built with ammunition boxes. A great deal of HE was fired. They also fired star shell at night, which frequently illuminated enemy patrols before they could get in close enough to do damage. During this period Reconnaissance Company had OP's in Lammersdorf. All those OP's were subject from time to time to shelling, which frequently made moving one of the OP's necessary. Meantime, the 3rd Recon Platoon was busy reconnoitering roads along the Division front. Reconnaissance Compnay had the mission of determining the habits of the enemy in connection with the large operations then being planned by the 78th Division.

VII. THE RHINELAND (Part II)

On January 30th, these operations started. Our infantry, TD, Tank team took Konzen with few losses. Sgt. Hardin was killed by a sniper in Konzen. Meanwhile the 1st Platoon of Company "C", under Lt. Kahn, went South from Simmerath to take Imgenbroich with the 2nd Battalion of the 310th. Both the 2nd and 3rd Platoons were kept busy reducing a number of pillboxes near the much shelled cross-roads at Am Gericht.

Farther north, where the 311th with Sgt. Harrel's 1st Platoon and Lt. Lassiter's 3rd Platoon of our Company "A" were driving on Huppenbroich and Kesternich, the character of resistance was far from bitter. The company lost Bogan and Jennings, killed in action, by shellfire, and one man seriously wounded. The first day they captured about half the town, met heavy direct fire, as well as occasional mortar fire. The second day, tanks, artillery and TD's practically leveled what was left of the town, battering it to pieces house by house, until the ground was black in spite of the snow on the ground. By sunset on February 2nd, it was all over. Kesternich was taken.

On the 4th, the 1st Platoon of Company "A" with the 311th Infantry took Ruhrberg.

CCR of the 7th Armored took Strauch and Steckenborn. On the same morning, Pfc. Greenwood of Reconnaissance Company was killed when his jeep hit a mine on the main road to Schmidt.

In the second drive to take Schmidt, hub of the German defenses west of the Roer River, Company "B"'s guns were scheduled to play a major role. With Lt. Davis's 1st Platoon giving supporting fire from Vossenack, the 2nd Platoon with Lt. Cross, and Lt. Copely's 3rd Platoon attacked down the road into Schmidt, in support of the 310th Regiment. At the same time Company "C" sent the 1st Platoon and 3rd Platoon through the woods and into Kommerscheidt with the 309th Infantry.

By the end of the first day the 774th Tank Battalion going into Schmidt was badly mauled by direct fire from AT guns. The TD's were more fortunate that day, Company "C" knocked out two pillboxes, one AT gun and killed many of the enemy.

The two platoons of Company "C" returned to Kommerscheidt Hill — the Hill, where three months before Company "C" had all but been wiped out, and where even now they were surrounded by the dead bodies of fallen comrades, the piles of countless dead, American and German, and all kinds of abandoned equipment.

On the second day, the 1st Platoon of Company "B" joined the battle for the rest of the town. The 2nd Platoon of Company "C" then moved through Schmidt and into Harscheidt with the 3rd Battalion of the 311th. Lt. Clarke moved in there at dusk, saw a flash but couldn't see the gun. He fired at the flash. Next day he found they had knocked out a 75 mm AT gun and it's crew. Sgt. Rhinehardt ran through various and sundry forms of fire to deliver chow to the 2nd Platoon every day. Rhinehardt, the man who wouldn't duck shells, and miraculously didn't get hurt anyway.

The second and following days, Schmidt was cleaned out, and the course of battle shifted South in the direction of the important Schwammenauel Dam; if the Germans could blow the dam, they could slow up Allied operations for weeks, by flooding Duren and the towns near there. In the original phase of cleaning out Schmidt, Company "B" took a heavy beating.

The attack on the dam was a hard fight in which the infantry was moving through woods and suffering heavy casualties from tree bursts. Initially, the 311th, and, finally, a battalion of the 309th fought their way down to the dam. All this while Company "B" gave indirect fire support from their artillery positions, along with a mass of artillery. At the same time, the 1st Platoon of Company "C", working with the 309th driving on Hasenfeld, pulled into a spot where it could deliver direct fire on the other side of the dam. The 1st Platoon shot up many targets on the other side.

Finally, the engineers of the 9th Division and elements of the 309th reached the Schwammenauel Dam. They found it damaged but not so much that the rise in the level of the Roer River would hinder our operations, so, the next job, after consolidating our gains, was to cross the Roer.

Company "B" was taken out of indirect fire to join the 14th Cavalry Group at Gey, while Company "A" took over the indirect fire positions of Company "B".

The crossing of the Roer was supported with much artillery

and screened with smoke pots, near Niddegen.

From the Roer to the Sieg:

Company "B" had crossed before the other companies with the cavalry, attacked into Boich, on into Drove and then enemy armor at Thum. About this time the 3-inch guns went to work and accounted for one Mk V and one Mk IV tank.

After this operation the company was detached from the cavalry and attached to the 903rd Field Artillery Battalion, operating with two six-gun platoons. Movement was so fast that

most of the time was spent in displacing forward.

The advance of Companies "A" and "C" with the 309th and 311th Infantry Regiments was characterized by speed, so that frequently the advance was so rapid that the radio reports of our TD Platoons proved to be the first and only information that the Division Headquarters had of their own advancing infantry units.

The character of the fighting is well illustrated by a play-by-play description of Company "A"'s operations at that time. After crossing the Roer, Sgt. Harrel's 1st Platoon attacked Abenden and then Vlatten, where they destroyed one Mk IV, one SP gun, one towed AT gun, 20 houses and killed about 80 enemy and took 50 PW's. Lt. Cameron's 2nd Platoon helped take Berg and Wallersheim. At this time Sgt. Brewster hit a German motorcycle messenger with a round of HE at 2800 yards. The 2nd Platoon then moved into Burvenich early in the morning of March 3rd, set up a road block on the East end of town, and caught two truck loads of enemy reinforcements being rushed to the town.

Meanwhile, the 3rd Platoon, by direct fire, knocked out a locomotive and 15 houses in a movement outflanking the walled city of Ahrweiler.

VIII. CENTRAL GERMANY

Next came the Rhine crossing. On the 7th of March, infantry of the 9th Armored Division captured intact the Ludendorff railway

bridge, spanning the Rhine from Remagen to Erpel. This infantry, with initial support from CCB of the 9th Armored and 1 company of the 656th TD Bn was immediately thrown into the breach to build up a bridgehead. On the 9th of March when "A" and "C" companies and on the 10th when "B" crossed, long range heavy artillery fire crashed interminably into the bridge, while engineers worked under fire to build other ponton bridges to relieve the strain on the weakened Ludendorff Bridge. From high ground on the far side of the Rhine German OP's directed fire of guns in caliber all the way up to 380 mm, while on both sides American AAA gunners with multiple mount 50's on half-tracks took heavy punishment from shelling, strafing, and bombing, - but at the same time kept the Luftwaffe too high for accurate bombing. With the gun companies, keeping a close tab on things, were Capt. Perry and Capt. Cole. Pvt. Wallrauch, Capt. Perry's driver, was killed on this mission, by shellfire.

While "A" Company went into the line at Bruchausen, "C" Company was fighting near Rheinbreitbach, and "B" Company near Kasbach. This company saw action within 5 minutes after the crossing, Lt. Copely's 3rd Platoon knocking out 1 Mk V, neutralizing 2 pillboxes, as well as killing and capturing a number of enemy. The battle to hold, enlarge, and break out of the Remagen bridgehead was won in hard fought battles in the week after the first crossing. Working generally north through parallel strings of towns, the gun companies and their recon platoons, together with the tankers, served as the battering rams for the hard fighting, advancing infantry columns.

Working mostly north and eastward through the most hazardous terrain yet encountered, "A" Company supported the attack of the 309th Infantry. The 2nd Platoon helped take Rottbitz. The platoon knocked out 2 jadpanthers, 1 AA gun, 1 Mk IV tank, and 1 truck, then moved into town to help secure the right flank of the division.

Then the 1st Platoon started down the main road to Agidienberg, but the direct fire from German tanks and artillery knocked out several tanks, and the number 2 destroyer was hit near Siefenhoven. It was necessary either to stop the fire or find another route into town. Our TD's handled this with their noted tactical flexibility.

Lt. Sarabok's recon element contacted an artillery liaison officer and brought fire to bear on the enemy guns, putting them out of action, while the destroyer platoon leader discovered another and defiladed route to new firing positions overlooking the town, from which they destroyed 2 German tanks. The 3rd Platoon then moved out of Himberg by a back route, took Hovel with the infantry, and then cut the Cologne — Frankfurt Autobahn, being the 1st TD's to cross it. In the process Company "A" destroyed 5 enemy bunkers, 1 truck, 1 88 mm SP gun, and captured 36 PW's.

Meanwhile, "B" Company, with the 310th Infantry, which had so quickly been involved in battle after the Rhine crossing, had also seen much action. With tanks and infantry, they stormed into Kalenborn, where they met fire from numerous enemy tanks. The tanks were in a sunken railway bed, frequently changed position, and were always in hull defilade. The 1st section of the 1st Platoon was ambushed to the right of Kalenborn, but was able to shoot-its way out. That night Lt. Copely's 3rd Platoon relieved the 1st in Kalenborn. One Panther in a good position had held up the American advance all day, March 14th, four or five Shermans being put out of action by 'i. Lt. Copely made a foot reconnaissance, found that no tank or TD would be able to get near enough to get a shot at it. So he borrowed a bazooka from 52nd Armored Bn, and, with Sgt. Shaffer, he put 3 rounds into the tank, knocking it out. They could advance again. His platoon moved on, knocking out 3 Mk VI's, 2 halftracks, and killed 19, as well as taking about 26 PW's. The company moved to an assembly area in Honnef.

While "B" was working on the East flank of the 78th, "C" Company was fighting through the towns along the East bank of the Rhine.

"C" Company, with the 311th Infantry, moved through Homeef to Konigswinter, knocking out an AT gun and a truck loaded with infantry, killing 64 Germans, on the 16th. Lt. Wilson's 3rd Platoon, with elements of the 9th Armored Division, including the 33rd Armored Infantry, were given the mission of taking Ittenbach and cutting the superhighway at that point. They entered the town that night and shared it with German tanks. Next morning they knocked out 3 enemy tanks. The town was taken, and the Platoon joined the rest of the company at Konigswinter. On March 17th, the 1st Platoon lost its platoon leader, Lt. Kahn, in Konigswinter, where he was hit by a shell fragment.

Company "A" now pulled out of Honnef; the 2nd Platoon pulled out to assault Holtorf, Holzlar, and several other towns, while the 3rd Platoon went through Vinxel, but were held up at Stieldorf by SP and AT guns. Firing from positions overlooking the town, they destroyed 2 SP guns, and 2 tanks. This neutralized the town and allowed the infantry to move in, followed by the TD's. Suddenly an American 3/4 ton appeared. Thinking it a friendly vehicle, nobody fired. When the truck was about 50 yards away, it was seen to be loaded with the mail, chow, and Germans. A brief exchange of small arms, with Lt. Lassiter firing his pistol at them, resulted in a quick surrender.

The 1st platoon went through Burlinghoven and Dambroich, crossing the Autobahn, and joined the infantry the following day for the attack on Honnef. The 1st section of the 1st Platoon went into Honnef with the lead elements of the 309th Infantry, the 2nd Section being in reserve. They took a good deal of AT and AA fire from Armor in the town and from guns which were on the high ground on the other side of the Sieg River. The company ran up a score of 4SP guns, 4AA guns, 23 strong points, 4 CP's — all knocked out, in addition to 99 enemy killed, and 35 PW's. During the same period, "B" Company had moved through Konigswinter, and, with the 310th Infantry, on March 22 attacked and held Hangelar, just south of the Sieg River.

From about March 22nd to end of first week in April, the battalion fought the static battle of the Sieg River line, with "A" Company in direct fire positions in Honnef, and later near Hamm; Company "B", except for 1 platoon, in indirect fire with

the 903 Field Artillery, was in direct fire positions in Hangelar, Burlinghoven, and Niederpleis; and "C", after a brief rest period, was in position at Eitorf, then Obernau, along the Sieg River. We helped the 78th Division defend a 44,000 yard front, a holding operation intended to protect the other troops which were plunging far eastward into the heart of Central Europe. We held the South side of the Ruhr Pocket.

IX. THE RUHR POCKET

Just before the Ruhr Pocket operation got under way, the 97th Division relieved the 78th on the Sieg River line.

The earliest attempt to break out of the pocket came shortly before the gun companies crossed the Sieg, when about 12 tanks and 600 men forded the River, with the objective of seizing Honnef. The 2nd Battalion of the 309th called for its TD support, which together with the infantry, broke up the counterattack.

On April 7th, Company "A" crossed the Sieg River Southeast of Dattenfeld. Lt. Cameron's 2nd Platoon rolled into Waldbrol, liberating 700 American PW's.

On April 10, the 3rd Platoon of "A" Company went into Drabenderhohe, home of a huge ordnance plant. Here one German rear guard put up a terrific battle. Field pieces and AA guns, all of them that could be manned opened fire, pinning down our infantry. The 3rd Platoon knocked out one gun after another, but where the gun itself was not hit, replacements would rush out from the dugouts and replace the battered gun crews. Our artillery pounded them mercilessly, also, but the enemy kept firing in a three-hour battle until all the guns were destroyed. The 50 men who finally surrendered were reported to have killed their own officers in order to quit.

Continuing to the north, the 1st Platoon on the 13th moved into Lindlar, with orders not to fire unless fired upon, and the Germans were in such a state of confusion that the platoon took a hospital intact, with two American officers, as well as about 1500 PW's, and a German Major General with all his staff —

all this without firing a shot. On the same day, the 2nd and 3rd Platoons went into Berghausen, where American Troops overran an Allied PW inclosure, freeing 174 American prisoners, including Sgt. Dasovitch who had been captured when "B" company moved into Hangelar. Dasovitch indicated that the German intelligence officer who questioned him knew a great deal about the record of the 893d. On April 6th, North of Katzwinkel, Lt. Ellis, 2nd Platoon leader, was killed, when a German Mk IV tank caught Lt. Ellis' destroyer with AP fire.

On the night of April 13th, the 3rd Platoon caught the enemy off guard, captured a whole CP group, including several high-ranking officers. During this time the 2nd Platoon, under Lt. Cross, was attached to the 78th Cavalry. The 2nd Platoon caught horse-drawn artillery on the road and destroyed several guns. They continued to move northwest in pursuit of a more and more disorganized enemy.

On April 15th, Lt. Copely, with tanks and 3rd battalion of the 310th Infantry, went into Wipperfurth. They received the surrender of the town from the local burgermeister, and then the column was fired on from a road-block which was built about half-way through the town, with 1 tank, 2 AT guns and a bazooka team. The leading tank was hit by a bazooka, disabling the tank. Lt. Copely, who saw that the tank platoon leader was wounded, crawled onto the tank and tried to lift him out of one of the front hatches, when another round hit the front of the tank, killing the tank platoon leader and seriously wounding Lt. Copely. The "one man army" was finall; evacuated.

In the closing days of the Ruhr operation, the company moved into Wuppertal, and, finally, on April 19th, into a company assembly area in Mandersbach. "B" was out of the war.

During the same operation, Company "C" was busy also. On the 6th the company crossed the Sieg, went through Waldbrol, Denklingen, Wiehl to Gummersbach, to Wermelskirchen. From Obernau to Wermelskirchen, through various towns we had taken, it was a pleasure most of the time.

In the early days of the operation, Lt. Wilson of the 3rd

Platoon was wounded when on reconnaissance for gun positions with Sgt. Zukowski of the 3rd Reconnaissance Platoon.

North of Morsbach the company ran into much armor. After the leading tank of the armor which was with us was knocked out, the 2nd Platoon pulled into a small farming district. Sgt. Ullery's destroyer opened fire on a German tank. The tank immediately picked up the muzzle flash of the TD and sent a round of AP through the driving compartment. The M-10 caught fire. Rather than get out, the men stuck to their posts, knocked out two towed guns and a probable tank before more enemy tanks returned the fire, striking the destroyer repeatedly. Ammunition on the M-10 exploded, blowing Tec 5 Carlson, the driver, and Sgt. Ullery out of the vehicle. Both men suffered severe burns. The other members of the crew were Corporal Canizzo, the gunner, Pfc. Blatnick and Pvt. Clark.

On April 13th, Company "C" knocked out two 380 mm SP rocket guns, one 88 and three 75 mm AT guns. On the 15th, Company "B" of the 311th Infantry was sent with two tanks and two TD's to take Remscheid. Just on the outskirts of the town we observed coming down the road a high ranking German officer with an aide carrying a white flag and another carrying a red cross flag. He asked us not to "fire those great big guns at our city"; so Remscheid was declared an open city. We were guided through town by a red cross vehicle. In this area to the north, Sgt. Petock forced an enemy tank to surrender, first boxing it in by moving up on it with a gun in such a way that it couldn't move without backing up, then when it did back up, he used his pistol and three hand grenades.

The company then moved into Wuppertal against light resistance, afterwards withdrawing to a company assembly area in Ronsdorf, where it ceased tactical operations.

The end of the tactical operation in the Ruhr Pocket brought an end to our operations in the ETO — operations which carried the 893d Tank Destroyer Battalion through five hard fought campaigns. During this time the Battalion, or it's companies, worked with 8 different infantry divisions, several armored divisions, two cavalry groups, several field artillery battalions and one ranger battalion. What it had accomplished and learned in the European campaigns now belongs to history.

COMPANY ROSTERS OF PERSONNEL AS OF 30 APRIL 1945

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY

OFFICERS

Capt. John W. Blotzer 1st Lt. John R. Geilker 1st Lt. Edward A. Rupple 1st Lt. Daniel Cohen 1st Lt. Donald E. Ellison 2nd Lt. Albert E. Joern CWO Harry Sinclair

ENLISTED MEN

M/Sgt. Clayton C. Brown 1st Sgt. Russell M. Reedy T/Sgt. Wasyl C. Homa T/Sgt. Harry G. Macht T/Sgt. Kenneth McKenna T/Sgt. Lester B. Michaels T/Sgt. Samuel Nathenson S/Sgt. Albert Hall S/Sgt. Wallace I. Reid S/Sgt. Thomas E. Stone S/Sgt. Charles P. Gernand S/Sgt. John J. Reilley Sgt. Delbert A. Amig Sgt. Herbert D. Ingram Sgt. William R. McCracken Tec 4 Cleneth Z. Yonkin Tec 4 Arnold E. Blews Tec 4 Albert B. Cipollone Tec 4 David S. Dries Tec 4 John R. Finn Tec 4 Frank G. Germuga Tec 4 Joseph M. Glass Tec 4 Thomas W. Griffith Tec 4 Andrew J. Leitner Tec 4 Johnny M. Mallory Tec 4 Michael Ninno, Jr. Tec 4 Paul P. Pagano Tec 4 Kenneth A. Perry Tec 4 Steve P. Poprocky, Jr. Tec 4 Carl I. Robinson Tec 4 Robert T. Smith

Tec 4 John H. Waiter Cpl. Salvatore Marchesano Cpl. Robert E. Maxey Cpl. Frank J. Merk Cpl. Lawrence R. Voeltz Tec 5 Willard L. Adkins Tec 5 Michael P. Amitrano Tec 5 Walter A. Bahl Tec 5 Charles A. Beam Tec 5 Earl L. Blose Tec 5 Lanta H. Boyles Tec 5 Joseph A. Catullo Tec 5 Edward D. Cogar Tec 5 Brooks W. Cowgill Tec 5 Michael Drozdick Tec 5 Robert R. Gebhart Tec 5 Burless L. George Tec 5 James E. Hager Tec 5 Michael I. Kelly Tec 5 Elwyn W. Lunday Tec 5 John H. McCord Tec 5 James A. Miller Tec 5 Daniel T. Mover-Tec 5 Eben Neal Tec 5 Andy G. Ohrin Tec 5 Dona E. Pepin Tec 5 Edwin J. Phillips Tec 5 Pierce O. Pickens Tec 5 Joseph B, Reilly Tec 5 Paul E. Rickard Tec 5 Donald L. Roberts

Tec 5 William G. Skutches

Tec 5 Richard Steinmetz Tec 5 Arthur J. Strehlau

Tec 5 Edward M. Szmania

Tec 5 Harold H. Voigt

Pfc. James O. Baker Pfc. Wilson P. Baker

Pfc. Joseph M. Bellini

Pfc. Ezra W. Brown

Pfc. Milton C. Brown

Pfc. Frank Cangelosi

Pfc. Alphonse A. Castello

Pfc. Thomas W. Christlieb

Pfc. Vernon Forney

Pfc. James J. Gavin

Pfc. Wilbur Hart

Pfc. Lester F. Higginbotham

Pfc. Richard J. Kenney

Pfc. James A. Lee III

Pfc. Tony I. Maggio

Pfc. Joseph D. McCarthy

Pfc. Herbert L. Meece

Pfc. Thomas E. Morrison

Pfc. Edgar J. Richard

Pfc. Louis I. Sara

Pfc. John J. Stevens

Pfc. Harry Szopelia

Pvt. Sidney L. Brownell

Pvt. Anthony Cabibbo

Pvt. Harry W. Fisher

Pvt. Troy L. Gray

Pvt. William D. Havens

Pvt. Thomas E. Morris

Pvt. William O'Connor

Pvt. Joseph B. Rogers

Pvt. George E. Rudzik



RECONNAISSANCE COMPANY

OFFICERS

Capt, August D. Corsalini 1st Lt. Louis J. Izzo

1st Lt. Imrich R. Sarabok

1st Lt. Leonard R. Burgess 1st Lt. Harry A. Karch 2nd Lt. Patrick R. McMahon

ENLISTED MEN

1st Sgt. Charles W. Dean S/Sgt. Albert L. Gentili

S/Sgt. Anthony J. Barzdinos

S/Sgt. Pete P. Bottali

S/Sgt. Stewart 1. Jacobs

S/Sgt. Edward S. Manning

S/Sgt, Ralph Piccolo, Ir.

S/Sgt. Raymond L. Sherwood

Sgt. Walter E. Clifford, Ir. Sgt. Stephen M. Comarnitsky

Sgt. William Cunningham

Sgt. Frank W. Kohler

Sgt. William P. Shaffer

Sgt. Sidney Smith Sgt. Joseph Yencha

Sgt. Bernard J. Zukowski

Tec 4 Robert Cece

Tec 4 Bernard J. Ditchey Tec 4 Harold Omundsen

Tec 4 Nicholas Pascalli

Cpl. Bernard I. Keyser

Cpl. Gerald J. Miller

Cpl. Edward J. Rugis Tec 5 Harold E. Farrell

Tec 5 George P. Garret, Jr.

Tec 5 Vincent R. Graziano Tec 5 Clarence L. Marsh

Tec 5 John B. Maver

Tec 5 John A. McAliece

Tec 5 Russell I. Nocero

Tec 5 Lawrence H. Powell

Tec 5 Samuel F. Pugliano Tec 5 John J. Rees

Tec 5 Charles Reitz

Tec 5 Porter M. Rogers, Ir.

Tec 5 Raymond C. Scheppman

Tec 5 John H. Shively

Tec 5 Paul Wills

Tec 5 Joseph W. Wodzak

Tec 5 William C. Cooper

Tec 5 Raymond H. Worts

Pfc. Otto T. Albrecht

Pfc. Charles N. Aposhian

Pfc. John Bandol

Pfc. Ballard Bishop

Pfc. Charles R. Bland Pfc. William H. Blazier

Pfc. Herbert C. Branham

Pfc. Thomas E. Bright

Pfc, David I. Burshnic

Pfc. Andrew A. Byarley Pfc. Michael J. Carroll

Pfc. Harley G. Carter

Pfc. Elzie Centers

Pfc. Carl H. Cheak

Pfc. Iesus G. Contreras

Pfc. Robert R. Doorr

Pfc. Jonah Gold

Pfc. Robert W. Groth

Pfc. George L. Guidotti Pfc. William K. Guthrie

Pfc. Robert F. Hayes

Pfc. John G. Hernandez

Pfc. Isidore Kass

Pfc. James W. Kuno Pfc. James R. Lee

Pfc. Wilburn Martin

Pfc. George M. McKinney

Pfc. Otha L. Messer, Jr.

Pfc. Burton N. Merklinger, Jr.

Pfc. Vernon B. Meyers Pfc. Harvey A. Mills

Pfc. Julius J. Nemcek

Pfc. Elmer C. Peterson Pfc. William O. Pierce, Jr.

Pfc. William O. Pierce, Jr. Pfc. Ambrose N. Racaniello

Pfc. Joseph R. Rappoccio

Pfc. Leonard E. Rudman

Pfc. Peter Rusnok

Pfc. Dale H. Shepherd

Pfc. Robert C. Smith

Pfc. James W. Stewart

Pfc. Edward N. Taylor

Pfc. John E. Taylor, Jr.

Pfc. Dennis J. Tingman

Pfc. Banford M. Tompkins

Pfc. Eugene R. Waple

Pfc. James H. Williams

Pfc. Edwin G. Wright

Pvt. Cecil R. Appleby

Pvt. Bob Askins

Pvt. Nerman E. Black

Pvt. Earl L. Brakefield

Pvt. Albert C. Burns

Pvt. Rupert S. Dawson

Pvt. Harry R. Dowell

Pvt. Joseph T. Fagin

Pvt. Adam E. Gregory

Pvt. Clinton E. Johnson

Pvt. Earl F. Kessler

Pvt. Kenneth L. Lee

Pvt. Orville P. Mc Cool

Pvt. Richard H. Maloney

Pvt. Ernest E. Myers

Pvt. Stanley J. Myjak, Jr.

Pvt. Milford M. Patterson

Pvt. John J. Walters

Pvt. Gene A. Copeland

Pvt. John L. Marcus

Pvt. Thomas E. Obrzud



"A" COMPANY

OFFICERS

Capt. Eugene H. Perry 1st Lt. Robert W. Wolken 1st Lt. Donald F. Cameron

1st Lt. Lawerence C. Kahn

1st Lt. Benjamin F. Lassiter 1st Lt. John S. Jarvis 2nd Lt. Alton J. Harrell

ENLISTED MEN

1st Sgt. Steve Pyrch T/Sgt. Alfred R. McCue S/Sgt. Melvin R. Austin S/Sgt. Harold M. Eshleman S/Sgt. Roy H. Gunter S/Sgt. Alton J. Harrell S/Sgt. Elwood M. Kristiansen S/Sgt. Joseph Suhy Sgt. Levin E. Adkins Sgt. Harry M. Bly Sgt. William Brewster Sgt. Joseph S. Bubel Sgt. Joseph F. Burns Sgt. Ralph D. Dell'Erba Sgt. Joseph G. Dragan Sgt. John L. Filko Sgt. John O. Hass Sgt. Jacob C. Huffman Sgt. Homer E. Kelley Sgt. Floyd E. Phelps Sgt. Rix M. Richardson, Ir. Sgt. John J. Scassellati Sgt. Carl J. Smith Sgt. Steve P. Sytar Tec 4 Robert T. Batts Tec 4 Clarence J. Beck Tec 4 Frank A. Bentley Tec 4 John L. Cornell, Jr. Tec 4 Donald H. Davies

Tec 4 Edwin W. DeBuhr

Tec 4 Hosea Hopkins

Tec 4 John F. Kerstan

Tec 4 Wilfred B. Kruse

Tec 4 George E. Miller

Tec 4 Joseph A. Polock Tec 4 Arthur P. Radwanski Tec 4 Grant T. Schneider Cpl. Samuel P. Bailey Cpl. William G. Cottingham Cpl. Willard H. Davis Cpl. Audray A. Deetz Cpl. Maurice Feld Cpl. Robert B. Florer Cpl. Charles O. Foole Cpl. Carl W. Hansen Cpl. Mike Haschak Cpl. Joseph Mancia Cpl. Pete Maneno Cpl. Robert S. Myers Cpl. Steve L. Rito, Jr. Cpl. Dewey Stevens Cpl. John A. Suchanek Cpl. Frederick E. Swalby Tec 5 Joseph M. Bando Tec 5 Paul R. Bethe Tec 5 William L. Brennan Tec 5 Willard G. Cash Tec 5 Arthur L. Drury, Jr. Tec 5 Kenneth C. Gossett Tec 5 Waltzia A. Green Tec 5 Luther B. Gunter Tec 5 Paul A. Hatcher Tec 5 William O. Martin Tec 5 George R. Metzgar Tec 5 Waldo E. Miller Tec 5 Stenley E. Pawlak Tec 5 John J. Phillips Tec 5 Herman C. Rogers

Tec 5 Sam Shenk

Pfc. Robert G. Adams

Pfc. Daniel P. Bacakos

Pfc. Arthur G. Bell

Pfc. Bobby L. Browning

Pfc. William E. Cross

Pfc. Willie Combs

Pfc. George E. Davis

Pfc. Alfred J. DeCastro

Pfc. Hubert F. Dortland

Pfc. Harry W. Ekstrom

Pfc. Woodrow Fugate

Pfc. Kenneth Gillis

Pfc. Harold R. Groves

Pfc. Roy A. Guthrie

Pfc. Russell D. Hadley

Pfc. Luther F. Kramer

Pfc. Phillip H. Margules

Pfc. Nevin L. McAllister Pfc. David T. McDaniel

Pfc. Thomas W. McLemore

Pfc. H. E. McQueen

Pfc. Anthony Murgia, Jr.

Pfc. Charles E. Ritenour

Pfc. Charles V. Roach

Pfc. Hall T. Robertson

Pfc. Stanley E. Sawyer

Pfc. Daniel D. Sullivan

Pfc. Earnest W. Tanksley

Pfc. Charles Virzi

Pvt. Woodrow A. Biddinger

Pvt. Robert W. Boni

Pvt. Francis Brennan

Pvt. Ellsworth L. Childs

Pvt. Stanton J. Clarke

Pyt. Louis A. Cocuzzi

Pvt. Charles Coffman

Pvt. Frank J. Curtis

Pvt. Raymond C. Dahn, Jr.

Pyt. William F. Dibert

Pvt. George A. Edwards

Pvt. Harold Falk

Pvt. Pietro P. Favato

Pvt. Michael C. Meola

Pvt. Arnold W. Mohr

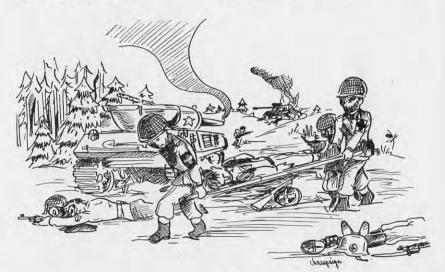
Pvt. John Nastio

Pvt. Michael Oliveri

Pvt. Philip G. Ouellette

Pvt. George H. Peacher

Pvt. James F. Underwood



"B" COMPANY

OFFICERS

Capt. Jack W. Fuller

1st Lt. Lawerence C. Cross

1st Lt. Bryant E. Campbell

1st Lt. Christopher P. Caputo

1st Lt. Haward C. Davis 2nd Lt. George G. Griffith 2nd Lt. William E. Copely

ENLISTED MEN

1st Sgt. William L. Brown T/Sgt. August W. Zidar S/Sgt. William B. Gardner S/Sgt. George G. Griffith S/Sgt. Hammet E. Murphy S/Sgt. John D. Shannahan

S/Sgt. Lloyd Stakes

S/Sgt. John Sutton Sgt. Michael Kekalos

Sgt. Robert M. Bowen

Sgt. Robert A. Burgess

Sgt. Annacleta J. Devivo Sgt. Lloyd P. Garner

Sgt. Charles P. Miller

Sgt. Melvin S. Minter

Sgt. Walter S. Racutt Sgt. George T. Sasse

Sgt. Frederick J. Schiffbauer, Jr.

Sgt. George M. Shaffer Sgt. Harry M. Sibrel

Sgt. John F. Snow

Sgt. Aleck Vargo, Jr.

Tec 4 Tom E. Aly Tec 4 George Barker

Tec 4 Stanley L. Belanger

Tec 4 Ignatius A. Caito Tec 4 Edward P. Czubek

Tec 4 William J. Ewing

Tec 4 Americo A. Genrile

Tec 4 John Goida

Tec 4 Edward P. Olevn

Tec 4 William L. Schaeffer

Tec 4 George H. Warfel

Tec 4 Max Wertheimer

Tec 4 William N. Yates Cpl. Anthony J. Allegrucci Cpl. Thomas C. Bernard

Cpl. James A. Blackburn

Cpl. David R. Bowser Cpl. Clarence D. Drsiling

Cal. Walter T. Duffy, Jr. Cpl. Jackson F. Goettel

Cpl. Paul J. Jancovic

Cpl. Nicholas Lemme Cpl. Raymond L. Inman

Cpl. Donald McGrill

Cpl. Charles H. Remick Cpl. Phil E. Sigmon Cpl. Forrest J. Stevens

Cpl. George E. Sylvester

Cpl, Edward N. Williams Cpl. Derald Zipf

Tec 5 Aloysius J. Bachurek

Tec 5 Steve Basev

Tec 5 Jack Bassin Tec 5 Earl A. Brisley

Tec 5 Glen Bullion Tec 5 Carl W. Drab

Tec 5 Arvel Godby Tec 5 Herbert C. Kiser

Tec 5 Elwood H. Hunter

Tec 5 Adam J. Kornacki Tec 5 Charles J. Lelugas

Tec 5 Tony A. LiBretti

Tec 5 Andrew C. Loeffelholz

Tec 5 McKinley R. Moore Tec 5 Ernest L. Pannell

Tec 5 Lowell E. Rucker

Pfc. Oren M. Adams Pfc. Stephen W. Brier Pfc. James M. Collins, Jr. Pfc. Frank R. Comfort

Pfc. James L. Cloonan Pfc. Walter L. Duggins

Pfc. Harley S. Ebey Pfc. Daniel F. Ellison

Pfc. Paul E. Card Pfc. Irvin L. Cast

Pfc. Richard C. Kesner

Pfc. John W. King

Pfc. Edward E. Kirby

Pfc. Vincent E. McFadden Pfc. Joseph Macaluse

Pfc. Francis B. McVicker

Pfc. Floyd Mason

Pfc. Charles L. Porter

Pfc. Billy Ratliff

Pfc. Franklin G. Reindollar, Jr.

Pfc. Dallas L. Robbins

Pfc. Vernon G. Rothrock Pfc. Chester D. Rzeszutek

Pfc. Norman J. Schuster

Pfc. Edwin C. Shannon

Pfc. John Shaute

Pfc. Lloyd J. Staley Pfc. Eron F. Stewart

Pfc. Cecil E. Wagner

Pfc. Robert O. Williamson

Pfc. Robert O. Wissler

Pfc. John J. Zecca, Jr.

Pfc. Frank Zimecki

Pfc. John J. Zolna Pfc. August A. Plitt

Pvt. Albert I. Gilman

Pvt. Herbert B. Fisher

Pvt. David Golub

Pvt. Preston Jaucock, Jr.

Pvt. George M. Heald

Pvt. Stanley C. Konopka

Pvt. Frank A. Konstatine

Pvt. George M. McGrath

Pvt. Paul Mallon

Pvt. William D. O'Neill

Pvt. Donald L. Osborn

Pvt. Stanley Rawza

Pvt. James G. Stevenson



"C" COMPANY

OFFICERS

Capt. Louis G. Thompson 1st Lt. Thomas A. Cookingham 1st Lt. Warren E. Clark 2nd Lt. Alex C. Kazmierski 2nd Lt. Nicholas Petock 2nd Lt. Arlie W. Wilson, Jr.

ENLISTED MEN

1st Sgt. James J. Conroy T/Sgt. Herbert C. Donnavant S/Sgt, Leo V. Amilkavich S/Sgt. Marshall F. Pritts S/Sgt. Joseph F. Smith S/Sgt. James A. Spencer S/Sgt. Danforth H. Webster Sgt. Bruno H. Aglietti Sgt. Harold E. Barnett Sgt. William W. Carter Sgt. Richard R. Chirdon Sgt. Clifford D. Davis Sgt. Ray C. Faulx Sgt. Leo H. Grill Sgt, Sheldon W. Harris Sgt. Guy T. Hodge Sgt. Henry J. Jagoda Sgt. John F. Mueller Sgt. James W. Rinehart Sgt. William D. Roberts Sgt. James C. Smith Sgt. Wilbert H. Smith Sgt. Joss W. Ullery Tec 4 Max W. Crawley Tec 4 Dominick D. Cregory Tec 4 Donald L. Harris Tec 4 George E. Harris Tec 4 Ray E. Killmer Tec 4 Robert E. Palmer Tec 4 Elba E. Salvaga Tec 4 Dewey Scott Tec 4 Rocco R. Sorgi Tec 4 Robert E. Stone Tec 4 Bernard P. Thomas Tec 4 Warren W. Voelker

Tec 4 Nicholas Wysochansky Cpl. James E. Bennett Cpl. Jack T. Berry Cpl. Marion C. Boxell Cpl. Joseph E. Butler Cpl. Charles R. Carlson Cpl. Neil J. Hallinhan Cpl. Rufus Hudson Cpl. Gerald G. Johnson Cpl. William P. Kannel Cpl. Alvin E. Kincaid Cpl. Ralph C. Mociun Cpl. Clarence H. Morris Cpl. John L. Sharp Cpl. William H. Smith, Jr. Cpl. James G. Stewart Cpl. Chester Winckowski Cpl. Charles L. Beaver Tec 5 Aubrey J. Blackwell Tec 5 Luster C. Boggess Tec 5 George J. Gerencir Tec 5 Joseph A. Johnson Tec 5 Robert L. Marchant Tec 5 Raymond V. O'Neill Tec 5 Anthony C. Picarello Tec 5 Harold D. Prescott Tec 5 Joseph P. Reese Tec 5 Wayne C. Sheldon Tec 5 Joseph C. Southers Tec 5 Francis Sutton Tec 5 Ellsworth V. Wildoner Tec 5 Clark L. West Tec 5 James W. Cassidy Pfc. Joseph D. Alderson Pfc. William J. Aloia

Pfc. Claire G. Ankney Pfc. Anthony Blatnick Pfc. Robert J. Brichacek Pfc. Charles Cannizzo Pfc. Raymond R. Chestnut Pfc. Alonzo L. Clark Pfc. Curtis Coyle, Jr. Pfc. Walter E. Davidson Pfc. Leonard A. Gorman Pfc. Maurice W. Guinn Pfc. Robert M. Herrera Pfc. Charles E. Hayslip Pfc. Rudolph E. Hoffek Pfc. Elbert W. Huddleston Pfc. William E. Hughes Pfc. Darvin V. Hurst Pfc. William A. Knnak Pfc. Lewis M. Krebs, Jr. Pfc. Christ J. Kristo Pfc. Vincent J. Losco Pfc. Raymond H. Marquard

Pfc. August J. Mohr

Pfc. Herbert B. Newcomb Pfc. Earl T. Nolan Pfc. John A. Peterson Pfc. William J. Preddy Pfc. John J. Pryzbojewski Pfc. Aron D. Scott Pfc. Roderick E. Shadle Pfc. Ira Standridge Pfc. Talmadge A. Southern Pfc. Johnny E. Stephens Pfc. Arnold Strelitz Pfc. Anthony P. Susoljak Pfc. Kenneth L. Tawyea Pfc. Howard G. Williams Pfc. Horace G. Wood Pfc. Bruce E. Wright Pvt. Robert C. Brown Pvt. James S. Hadnagy Pvt. Lyman S. Hall Pvt. Harvie L. Haynes Pvt. Baiford L. Langford Pvt. Lawrence O. Zapata